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The Bombay Gazette.

No. 50,815—New Series. BOMBAY:—SATURDAY, OCTOBER 10, 1896.

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Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	SATURDAY. 2 P.M.
* GANGES	4216	T. F. Creery	10th Oct.
P.L. CARTHAGE	6263	M. De Horne	17th "
† THAMES	4113	W. J. Nantes	24th "
P.M.INDIA	8000	R. F. Briscoe	31st "
L. ORIENTAL	6284	L. H. Moule	7th Nov.
P.L. CALEDONIA	7558	W. B. Andrews	14th "
THAMES	4113	W. J. Nantes	21st "
P.L. PENINSULAR	6237	W. A. Waller	28th "
† GANGES	4206	T. F. Creery	5th Dec.
P.L. INDIA	8000	R. F. Briscoe	12th "
† THAMES	4113	W. J. Nantes	19th "
P.L. ORIENTAL	6284	L. H. Moule	26th "

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Bombay, 6th September, 1896.

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ACCELERATED SERVICE TO BRINDISI AND TRIESTE, *VIA* ADEN, SUEZ, AND PORT SAID.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H.P.	To Sail on
IMPERATOR	B. Vidos	4,119	750	1st Nov. 1896.
IMPERATRIX	T. Rassovich	4,194	750	1st Dec. 1896.
IMPERATOR	B. Vidos	4,119	750	1st Jan. 1897.

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Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H.P.	To Sail on
MARIA VALERIE	A. Palmer	4,235	350	7th Nov.
VINDOBONA	C. Bellem	4,351	350	7th Dec.

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Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H.P.	To Sail on
GISELA	Gde Grisogono	4,253	350	21st Oct., 1896.

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Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on Saturday, at noon.
NATAL	4074	Bourdon	31st October 1896.
OCEANIEN	4229	Schmitz	28th Nov. "
ERNEST SIMONS	6707	Le Tronder	26th Dec. "

DEPARTURES TO COLOMBO, SINGAPORE, JAVA, SAIGON, TONQUIN, CHINA, JAPAN, AND AUSTRALIA.

Vessel.	Capt.	Tons.	To sail on or about
SALAZIE	Paul	4,255	22nd Oct.

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Passengers for Australia Transhipat Colombo.
A steam launch from Ballard Pier will convey Passengers on Board.
The S.S. "ALPHEE," Captain Despras, WILL LEAVE BOMBAY for DIEGO SUAREZ, MAJUNGA, MOZAMBIQUE, BEIRA and DELAGOA BAY, on the 19th October, 1896.
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FOR KURRACHEE VIA CUTCH, MANDAVIE.

S. S. "KAPURTHALA," 1,120 tons on the 10th Oct., at 10 a.m.

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. "PURULIA," 1,554 tons, on or about the 15th Oct., noon, calling at Kurrachee, Bunder Abbas, Lingah, Bahrein, Bushire, Fao, and Fnureh in the foregoing or any order. (Weather permitting.)

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "CHANDA," 2,022 tons, about the 15th Oct., calling at such Ports as may be arranged. Particulars can be ascertained on application to the Undersigned.

FOR COAST AND RANGOON.

S. S. "CHILKA," 1,971 tons, on or about 12th October.

FOR ADEN, LAMOO, MOMBASSA AND ZANZIBAR.

S. S. "GOA," 1,903 tons, on or about 10th October.

FOR SEYCHELLES, MOMBASSA, ZANZIBAR AND DELAGOA BAY.

S. S. "NOWSHERA," 3,024 tons, on or about 30th Oct., calling at Seychelles, Mombassa, Zanzibar, Mozambique, Beira, Inhambane, and Delagoa Bay in the foregoing or any order.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co., Agents.
Bombay, 9th Octobe

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COURVOISIER'S BRANDY,
CONSUMED [illegible] THROUGHOUT THE WORLD.
IT IS A SIGNIFICANT FACT, [illegible] that a prophet has not [illegible] ... Bond cellars [illegible] ... Bottle of "B. COMRICO" [illegible] ... Licensed Wine and Spirit Merchants.

FINE ENGLISH WATCHES.

In recent years it has become the habit in all sorts and conditions of trade to cry out
"CHEAP LINES,"
but nothing has enjoyed so much favour with the public as "Cheap Lines" in watches. Watches in tin cases from Rs. 3 to Gold Watches for Rs. 45, all obtaining equal prominence as being,
FULLY JEWELLED.
with 10, 20 and sometimes 30 jewels to recommend them. This Ostentatious display of jewels (?) seems to find attractions for many; but the intelligent reasoning section of the Public for whom we lay ourselves out would understand that for such absurd prices it would be impossible to obtain anything but imitations, and even if jewels did exist in the better classes of watches, they are of use only when
WELL FINISHED AND WELL FITTED.
All "Cheap Lines" of goods come from—no one knows where. They possess no identity. They have no parents and are offered to the world without any character whatsoever
GENUINE ENGLISH WATCHES.
come to us with an unbroken record of advance and a reputation extending over a period of nearly
FOUR CENTURIES.
Of course the horological machines of the Sixteenth Century, cannot be compared with the precision exacted from time-keepers to-day; as during the last 50 years progress has been very marked and has consisted chiefly in perfecting what had already been given to the Horological world.
The English Watches we beg to offer to the Public of which every part has been

MADE IN ENGLAND,
are the finest time-keepers ever imported into India and are guaranteed as being the
ACME OF PERFECTION.

MOVEMENT. Keyless, 3 plate, jewelled, 4 pairs rubies, escapement on ends, expansion balance, palladium breguet hair spring, jewellings of the finest description. All pivots most carefully tempered. Every watch carefully and accurately rated and adjusted for variations in positions and temperature.

GOLD AND SILVER.
(Gentlemen's Full Size.)

18-Carat Gold heavy Crystal face Case	Rs. 550
18-Carat Gold heavy Hunting Case	" 600
18-Carat Gold heavy Half-hunting Case	" 625
Sterling Silver Crystal face Case	" 225
Sterling Silver Hunting Case	" 240
Sterling Silver Half-hunting Case	" 250

SMALLER AND THEREFORE LOWER PRICED WATCHES ARE ALSO OBTAINABLE.

MARCKS & CO., LD., BOMBAY,
PRACTICAL WATCHMAKERS.

LONDON & LANCASHIRE
LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY,
[ESTABLISHED 1862.]
Assurances on every sound and approved Plan effected on most Favourable Terms.
PROGRESS OF THE COMPANY
DURING 11 YEARS ENDING DECEMBER 31, 1895.

Year.	New Assurances.	Net Premium Income.	Invested Funds.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1884	64,98,352	13,12,602	45,76,780
1895	1,39,19,568	35,19,035	1,92,19,025

It will thus be seen that in Eleven Years the Net Premium Income has nearly trebled whilst the Funds have more than quadrupled, which remarkable expansion affords convincing testimony of Good Management and Successful Working, and promises splendid results in the future.
CHIEF AGENTS:—W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., BOMBAY.

THE NORWICH UNION FIRE INSURANCE SOCIETY
(ESTABLISHED 1797).
THE PHŒNIX FIRE OFFICE OF LONDON
(ESTABLISHED 1782).
THE LANCASHIRE INSURANCE CO.
(ESTABLISHED 1850).
THE STRAITS INSURANCE CO., SINGAPORE (MARINE).
THE WORLD MARINE INSURANCE CO., LD.
As Agents of the above First-class Offices, we are prepared to accept LIFE, FIRE, and MARINE RISKS.
Terms on Application to W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., BOMBAY.

SPECIAL OFFER GREAT REDUCTIONS.
LAMPS LAMPS LAMPS
To make room for new Season's Stock, we are clearing out our present stock of LAMPS at reductions of 25 to 50 per cent. on selling prices. A visit is solicited.
PHILLIPS & CO., LD., BOMBAY & POONA.

BADHAM, PILE & CO., LD.,
MAKERS OF THE WELL-KNOWN "APOLLO" SHIRTS.
UNEQUALLED FOR STYLE, WEAR, FIT.
QUOTATIONS ON APPLICATION.
BOMBAY.

BAHADUR CIGARS.
WRITE FOR OUR NEW ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE,
WHICH GIVES FULL PARTICULARS AS TO THE DIFFERENT SIZES, SHAPES, AND PRICES OF OUR MANUFACTURE. IT IS A PERFECT WORK OF ART, AND BOUND TO INTEREST THE SMOKING PUBLIC.
SOLE MANUFACTURERS, PROPRIETORS, &c.,
McDOWELL AND CO.,
MADRAS.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CONSIGNEES OF CARGO, per S. S. "CLAN MURRAY," arrived from GLASGOW, LIVERPOOL and MANCHESTER, are hereby requested to present their BILLS of LADING for our COUNTERSIGNATURE, and to take DELIVERY of their respective GOODS from the PRINCESS DOCK.

The Steamer's Surveyor, Captain MACAULAY, will attend every morning to survey Damages, &c., and all Claims in this respect must be adjusted before the GOODS are removed from the Landing Sheds.

After removal from the Landing Sheds the Steamer will not be responsible for any Damage whatever.

All Claims must be presented for settlement within a FORTNIGHT of the Steamer's arrival, otherwise they will not be ENTERTAINED.

FINLAY, MUIR & Co.,
Bombay, 8th October, 1896. Agents.

BANK OF BOMBAY.

THE BANK will be CLOSED on THURSDAY, the 15th instant, that day being a Public Holiday under the "NEGOTIABLE INSTRUMENTS ACT 1881."

JAS. H. SLEIGH,
Secretary and Treasurer.
Bombay, 8th October, 1896.

NOTICE.

THE PUBLIC are informed that under the authority vested in the Commissioner of Police by Rule 4 of Government Notification No. 7001, dated the 15th December, 1886, Judicial Department, the SPACE between the BANDSTAND and COOPERAGE and between the QUEEN'S ROAD and the ROAD LEADING to the Commissioner-in-Chief's residence will be RESERVED for the Police Authorities, from 4 to 7-30 P.M. daily, to enable them to keep order on the occasion of the Hockey Tournament, between the 12th and the 17th instant, both days inclusive.

R. H. VINCENT,
Commissioner of Police.
Head Police Office, Bombay, 9th October, 1896.

NOW READY.

"BOMBAY GAZETTE"

OVERLAND SUMMARY

The *BOMBAY GAZETTE OVERLAND SUMMARY* prepared for despatch by each Overland Mail for Europe, contains, in addition to all the news of the week, a specially-written Market and Freight Report, and a well-digested Summary of Events.

Annual Subscription (in advance).....Rs. 12
Ditto (including postage to Europe). Rs. 15
Single Copy.....As. 4

"Bombay Gazette" Office, Esplanade Road, Fort.

THE MORARJEE GOCULDASS SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that the TWENTY-FIFTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the above Company, will be held at the Company's Mill Premises, near Sopari Bang, on Saturday, the 17th day of October, 1896, at 3-30 P.M., for the transaction of the following business :—

1. To receive the Directors' Report and the Audited Statements of Accounts for the year ending 30th June, 1896.
2. To declare a Dividend.
3. To elect Directors in the place of those who retire by rotation but who are eligible for re-election.
4. To appoint Auditors for the ensuing year, and to fix their remuneration.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be closed from Wednesday, the 14th, to Saturday, the 31st October, 1896, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
MORARJEE GOCULDASS & CO.,
Secretaries, Treasurers and Agents.
Fort, Tamarind Lane, Bombay, 8th Oct., 1896.

THE COLABA LAND AND MILL COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that the SEVENTEENTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the Colaba Land and Mill Company, Limited, will be held at the Office of N. M. Wadia, Esq., C.I.E., Nos. 4 and 5, Parsee Bazaar Street, Fort, on THURSDAY, the 22nd October, 1896, at 3 P.M., to transact the following business :—

1. To receive the Directors' Report and the Audited Statement of Account for the year ended 30th June, 1896.
2. To sanction payment of a Dividend.
3. To appoint a Director in place of Damoderdas Tapidas, Esq., who retires by rotation but is eligible for re-election.
4. To appoint Auditors for the current year and to fix their remuneration.
5. To transact any other business which the Chairman may bring before the meeting.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from MONDAY, the 12th October, 1896, to THURSDAY, the 22nd October, 1896, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board,
K. R. CAMA,
Secretary.
Bombay, 8th October, 1896.

NOTICE.

BOMBAY BAKERS' ASSOCIATION.

THE undermentioned BAKERS of BOMBAY beg to inform the General Public that on account of the present High price of Wheat owing to the failure of the Wheat Crop they have formed themselves into an association to regulate the PRICE of BREAD at a Uniform Rate. They accordingly respectfully inform the Public that the Price of Bread from and after to-day will be at the rate of 10 LOAVES PER RUPEE.

HENRY HISCOCKS.	S. SPANION & Co.
M. HEARSCH.	PEARSE & Co.
M. J. LOPEZ.	L. L. LOPEZ.
LUIS FERNANDES	D. M. D'SA
J. REMEDIOS.	J. C. DIAS.
D. G. FERNANDES.	LUNA H. SOUZA.
C. S. FONSECA.	M. J. FERNANDES.
F. F. D. SOUZA & Co.	C. C. BORGES.
F. De SOUZA & SONS.	C. PEREIRA.
J. M. D'SOUZA.	J. P. GOMES.
C. D'SOUZA.	FRANCIS CARVALHO.
ARDESHIR.	S. P. CARVALHO.
J. R. FRANK.	M. H. BORGES.
P. P. D'SOUZA.	V. M. D'SOUZA.
A. X. GOVEA.	M. S. AGUIAR.
A. M. TRINDADE.	B. S. PEREIRA.
D. M. SOARES.	DINSHAW SORABJI
J. X. E. DeSOUZA.	JAMES PEARSE.
F. D'SOUZA.	BEHRAM MAHRUM SE-
D'SILVA BJI and Co.	ROSH.
S. M. D'SOUZA.	

Dated this 10th day of October, 1896.

CRAWFORD, BURDER, & Co.,
Solicitors to the Association.

PUBLISHED WEEKLY.

THE BOMBAY PRICE CURRENT, AND SUMMARY OF TRADE.

Published at the *Bombay Gazette* Office on the Departure of the Overland Mail for Europe.

The Bombay Price Current contains—

A Specially-Written Market Report.
Freight Report, &c.
Summary of Cotton Exports during the Week.
Imports and Exports of Bullion.
Comparative Summaries of Exports from Bombay up to date as per Ships' Manifests, with the total Exports for the month, and for the same period, as far back as 1870 and 1878, respectively.
Comparative Summaries of Imports, of Piece-Goods, and of Yarn into Bombay from Great Britain up to date, with the total for the month, and the same period, as far back as 1870 and 1878, respectively.
Share Lists and Rates of Exchange.
List of Vessels in Bombay Harbour on the date of publication, and Arrivals and Departures of Vessels during the Week.
Charters and Engagements.

Annual Subscription in advance....Rs 10.
Single Copy.....Annas 4.

"Bombay Gazette" Office, Esplanade Road, Fort.

SALES BY AUCTION.

BENNETT AND COMPANY,
No. 22, APOLLO STREET.

AUCTION SALE OF VERY VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTIES AT CHOWPATTY AND GAMDEVI ROAD.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

Ordinary Original Civil Jurisdiction.
Suit No. 327 of 1895.

Hajee Seitanali Shustri, of Bombay, Moghul, Mahomedan Inhabitant, residing in Bombay, at Grant Road, without the Fort.....Plaintiff.

vs.

(1) Mooljee Jewraj, of Bombay, Khoja Mahomedan Inhabitant, residing in Bombay, at Dan Tad, 3rd Row, without the Fort, an adjudged lunatic, by his committee and guardian ad litem Ebrahim Nathoo of Bombay, Khoja Mahomedan, residing at Khoja Gully, without the Fort, (2) Shaik Abdool Aziz bin Ally Ebrahim, and (3) Shaik Mahomed bin Ally Ebrahim, both of Bombay, Mahomedan Inhabitants, residing at Chowpatty road, outside the Fort of Bombay ...Defendants.

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to the directions contained in the Decree dated the 3rd day of August, 1896, passed in the above suit and under the instructions of the plaintiff abovenamed, with the consent and concurrence of the 1st and 3rd defendants abovenamed, Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction, on the premises, at 4 p.m., on MONDAY, the 12th day of October, 1896, the undermentioned immoveable properties, and the right, title, and interest of the parties to this suit therein.

Particulars of the Property.

FIRSTLY.—All that piece or parcel of pension tax land or ground and cart standing thereon, with the messuage, dwelling-house, bungalow, stable, and outhouses standing thereon, situate, lying, and being near Chowpatty in the Island of Bombay, assessed by the Collector of Assessment under old No. 509, and new No. 2490, old survey No. 630, and new survey No. 7993, and by the Municipal Commissioner formerly under No. 16, and now under No. 14, and bearing ward No. and Street No. , and containing by admeasurement 1947 square yards or thereabouts, and bounded as follows :—That is to say—On the north by the property now or formerly of Vinayek Moroba and partly by the property now or formerly of Pandurang Narayen, on the west by the Gamdevi Road, on the north by the property of Hoojee Pandurang Panchkasi, and on the south by the said Chowpatty Road, and which said premises are at present in the occupation of the tenants of Mooljee Jewraj, the mortgagor.

SECONDLY.—All that piece or parcel of land or ground with the hereditaments standing and erected thereon, situate at Gamdevi Road, without the Fort of Bombay, assessed by the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under Nos. 55, 56, and 57, and by the Collector of Land Revenue under old No. 630, and new No. 2492, and old survey No. 630, and new survey No. 1-7992, and bearing ward No. admeasuring 1,532 square yards or thereabouts, in the registration sub-district of Bombay, and bounded as follows :—That is to say—On the east by the properties of Raghoba Vusmali, Bhawoo Vithoba, Harry Balajee, Purshotum Manockjee, Bapu Manockjee, and Pandurang Narayen, on the west by the Gamdevi Road aforesaid, on the north by the cart of Ramchandra Raghoba, and others, and on the south by the property of the said Mahomed Jeewraj, the mortgagor, and which said premises are now in the occupation of the tenants of the said mortgagor.

For further particulars and conditions of sale application should be made to Messrs. Matubhoy and Jamietram, attorneys for the plaintiff abovenamed, at their office, at No. 9, Bell Lane, Fort, or to Messrs. Framjee Moos and Mehta, attorneys for the 2nd and 3rd Defendants, at their office, at No. 11, Hornby Row, or to the undersigned.

BENNETT & Co.

Bombay, 10th October, 1896.

CUTLER, PALMER & Co.'s BRANDIES

may be Recommended for their Purity and Genuineness.

Send for DETAILED PRICE LIST.

NOTICES.

NOTICE.

WE beg to give NOTICE that Mr. G. PRIER de SAONE and Mr. H. STAUBER, have been ADMITTED into our Firm as PARTNERS, from this date.

PRIER de SAONE & Co.

Bombay, 1st October, 1896.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

KEROSENE OIL EMPTY CASES AND TINS.

SEALED TENDERS will be received by the Agent at his Office, Victoria Terminus, Bombay, up to 1 P.M. (Gun-fire) on WEDNESDAY, 14th October, for the purchase of KEROSENE OIL EMPTY CASES and TINS, which may become available for disposal during the six months, November to April next.

Further particulars and Tender forms may be obtained from the undersigned.

By Order,
ACTING GENERAL STOREKEEPER.
General Storekeeper's Office, Parel, 5th October, 1896.

BOON TO AFFLICTED MEN.

"CASES CURED BY A NEW METHOD."

EVERY Man suffering from Nervous Debility, Brain Fag, Spermal vrhœa, Exhausted Vitality, Premature Decay, Kidney and Liver Complaints, Varicocele, and all diseases of the Urinary Organs, should read the new edition of my Treatise, which thoroughly explains how to successfully treat the most obstinate cases in young and old men. Sent free in a plain sealed envelope by

J. FORBES, 57 & 58 Chancery Lane, London, England.

THE MERCANTILE PRESS COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that the FOURTEENTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the Mercantile Press Company, Limited, will be held at the registered office of the Company, No. 51, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay, on SATURDAY, the 10th October, 1896, at 2 p.m., for the purpose of transacting the following business :—

1. To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and the Audited Balance-Sheet made up to the year ending 30th June 1896.
2. To elect Directors in the room of the Directors who retire by rotation but are eligible for re-election.
3. To appoint Auditors for the ensuing year and fix their remuneration.
4. The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from 27th September up to 10th October, both days inclusive.

And to transact any other business which the Chairman may bring before the Meeting.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
TALAKCHAND AND SHAPURJEE,
Secretaries and Treasurers.
Bombay, 19th September, 1896.

THE VICTORIA JUBILEE TECHNICAL INSTITUTE, BOMBAY.

NEW CLASSES at the Institute OPEN on the 29th OCTOBER 1896.

Students are particularly advised to join at the commencement of the Session.

Printed Forms of application and all particulars can be obtained on application personally or by letter to the Principal.

ENGINEERING CLASSES.

The course of instruction lasts for three years, and embraces the following :—

Making WORKING DRAWINGS of various parts of Machines.
Making PATTERNS from the Working Drawings.
Instruction in SMITHY WORK and on all TOOLS and MACHINES used in ENGINEERING WORKSHOPS, together with general FITTING up and FINISHING of machines.

COTTON SPINNING AND WEAVING.

The course of instruction lasts for three years and includes :—

PRACTICAL WORK on each of the machines in actual use in Cotton Spinning and Weaving Factories.
FITTING together and ERECTING of the several machines.
WORKING THEM, making necessary changes and practice in the selection and mixing of different Cottons.

The preparation for and Weaving of Plain and Fancy Cloths.

In conjunction with both the departments there are :—

(1) Separate Classes for MACHINE DRAWING free-hand and to scale.
(2) Lectures on STEAM and the STEAM-ENGINE.
(3) Lectures on MECHANICS.
(4) Lectures on SOUND LIGHT, HEAT, ELECTRICITY and MAGNETISM as specially applicable to students, attending either of the two practical Departments.

A useful and extensive Library of Mechanical, Manufacturing and Scientific books will be opened for the benefit of students.

SIR GEORGE CHESNEY MEMORIAL COMMITTEE.

CHAIRMAN:
GENERAL SIR HENRY W. NORMAN.

MEMBERS:

The Marquess of Lansdowne.
Field Marshal Lord Roberts.
Mr. George Allen.
Colonel Sir J. Ardagh.
Sir Stewart Bayley.
Mr. William Blackwood.
Sir Edward Braddon.
Rev. A. G. Butler.
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Sir H. S. King, M.P.
Mr. A. Lawrence.
General Sir R. Low.
Sir Alfred Lyall.
General Sir O. Newmarch.
Sir Andrew Scoble.
Field Marshal Sir Donald Stewart.
General H. Strachey.
General Sir C. Taylor.
Mr. Meredith Townsend.
Mr. W. C. Unwin.
General Sir George White.
General Sir E. Williams.

MEMORIAL
TO THE LATE
SIR GEORGE CHESNEY, K.C.B., R.E., M.P.

A MEETING was held, on the 24th April, at the ROYAL UNITED SERVICE INSTITUTION, of some of the friends of the late Sir George Chesney, to consider the question of the commemoration of his distinguished services as Soldier, Administrator, Statesman, and Author. General Sir Henry Norman presided, and was supported by Field Marshals Sir Lintorn Simmons and Sir Donald Stewart, and other friends of Sir George Chesney. To carry out the objects of the General Committee which was formed, which included the gentlemen then present, and in addition, the Marquess of Lansdowne, Field Marshal Lord Roberts, General Sir George White, Sir Andrew Scoble, Sir Alfred Lyall, Sir H. S. King, Sir W. W. Hunter, Mr. Meredith Townsend, General Richard Strachey, Mr. William Blackwood, and others.

The form the Memorial should take was left for the future consideration of the Committee, as it would depend on the amount subscribed, but the suggestions tended towards a bust of Sir George for the India Office, and a medal for valuable contributions to Military Literature. It was resolved to limit each subscription to a maximum of three guineas.

Subscriptions will be received by Lieut.-General McLeod Innes, 9, Lexham Gardens, Cromwell Road, London, W.

COMMITTEE FOR INDIA

His Excy. General Sir George White, V.C., G.C.B., K.C.B.
The Hon'ble Major-General Sir E. Collen, K.C.I.E.
Lieutenant-General Sir W. S. H. Lockhart, K.C.B., K.C.S.I.
His Excy. Lieut.-General Sir C. Mansfield Clarke, K.C.B.
The Hon'ble Sir D. Fitzpatrick, I.C.S., B.A., K.C.S.I.
Major-General J. Duncan.
His Highness the Maharajah of Benares.
Sir Syed Ahmed, Khan Bahadur, K.C.S.I., LL.D.
Major-General G. E. L. S. Sanford, C.B., C.S.I.
Major-General G. de C. Morton, C.B.
Major-General A. R. Badcock, C.B., C.S.I.
Brigadier-General W. G. Nicholson, C.B.
J. F. Finlay, Esquire, M.A., C.S.I.
Captain J. Hext, C.I.E., R.N.
Colonel W. S. S. Bisset, C.I.E., R.E.
Colonel J. A. Miley.
James Walker, Esquire, C.I.E.
Robert Steel, Esquire.
F. B. Hebbert, Esquire.
Colonel T. Deane.

Honorary Secretary:
Colonel T. DEANE,
Simla.

Subscriptions will be received, in India, by Messrs. King King and Co., Bombay; Messrs. King, Hamilton and Co., Calcutta; and by the Alliance Bank, Simla, and its branches at Calcutta, Cawnpore, Agra, Ajmere, Darjeeling, Lahore, Murree, Mussoorie, Rawal Pindi and Umballa. Subscriptions are limited to a maximum of Rs. 32 in India.

By order of the Committee,
T. DEANE, Col.,
Hony. Secy.
Simla, 8th July, 1896.

"FOR THE BLOOD IS THE LIFE."

CLARKE'S
WORLD-FAMED
BLOOD MIXTURE

THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER & RESTORER FOR CLEANSING and CLEARING the BLOOD from ALL IMPURITIES it cannot be too highly recommended.

For Scrofula, Scurvy, Eczema, Skin and Blood Diseases, and Sores of all kinds, it is a never-failing and permanent Cure. It
Cures Old Sores.
Cures Sores on the Neck.
Cures Sore Legs.
Cures Blackhead or Pimples on the Face.
Cures Scurvy.
Cures Ulcers.
Cures Blood and Skin Diseases.
Cures Glandular Swellings.
Clears the Blood from all Impure Matter,
From whatever cause arising.

It is a real specific for Gout and Rheumatic pains
It removes the cause from the Blood and Bones.

As this Mixture is pleasant to the taste and war ranted free from any thing injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sex, the Proprietors solicit sufferers to give it a trial to test its value.

Translation of letter from Fiji.

The Letter of Jonathan to Mr. Dunsford.

"My Friend,—I write to you to-day to tell you about my illness. I love you very much to-day because of the medicine you gave to me. Three months I was very ill. I was because of my illness I could not plant yams, I could not go fishing. I could not eat or sleep; but now I am quite well again. It is truly a wonderful medicine. I beg you, Mr. Dunsford, give me one more bottle, as the month of boils is near.

"Preparation Day (Saturday), Bua, Vanual Levu.

Explanation of above Letter.

"In Fiji, at certain times of the year, both the European residents and the natives themselves break out in boils, which, if not immediately seen to, not infrequently develop into terrible running sores. At these times it can conscientiously assert that I know of no better medicines than 'Clarke's Blood Mixture,' which I have used with unfailing success both among my white and black neighbours. The enclosed letter from Jonathan, a Christianised Fijian, speaks for itself. For three months he had been almost a cripple, and yet one of your large bottles completely set him up. In ordinary cases even a lesser quantity will effect a cure.—I am dear Sir, yours faithfully

"T. EDGCUMBE DUNSFORD,
45 Leicester-square, London, W.C.
"21 June, 1892.

THOUSANDS OF TESTIMONIALS.

Clarke's Blood Mixture is sold in Bottles 2s. 9d. each, and in cases containing six times the quantity, 11s.—sufficient to effect a permanent cure in the great majority of long-standing cases. BY ALL CHEMISTS and PATENT MEDICINE VENDORS throughout the world. Proprietors: THE LINCOLN AND MIDLAND COUNTIES DRUG COMPANY, Lincoln, England. Trade Mark—"BLOOD MIXTURE."

CLARKE'S BLOOD MIXTURE.

CAUTION.—Purchasers of Clarke's Blood Mixture should see that they get the genuine article. Worthless imitations and substitutes are sometimes palmed off by unprincipled vendors. The words "Lincoln and Midland Counties Drug Company, Lincoln, England," are engraved on the Government stamp, and "Clarke's World-famed Blood Mixture," blown in the bottle WITHOUT WHICH NONE ARE GENUINE.

GOLD NATIONAL PRIZE-MEDAL ACADEMY.

WINES, SPIRITS, BEERS, &c.

CLUB WINES.

PHIPSON & Co., Bombay, are now supplying 230 Military Messes and 69 Clubs with the finest VINTAGE WINES, &c., from the following well-known Houses :—

NATH JOHNSTON & SONS	Bordeaux.
J. SACCONE	Gibraltar.
COSSART, GORDON & Co.	Madeira.
A. DE LUZE ET FILS	Bordeaux.
BUTLER, NEPHEW & Co.	Oporto.
COCKBURN SMITHES & Co.	Oporto.
VAN-ZELLERS & Co.	Oporto.
WOODHOUSE & Co.	Marsala.
LEACOCK & Co.	Madeira.
POMMERY AND GRENO	Rheims.
WILLIAMS, HUMBERT & Co.	Jerez.
GEORGE TANQUERAY & Co.	London.
HEIDSIECK & Co.	Rheims.
CARSTAIRS & ROBERTSON	Leith.
PERRIER JOUET & Co.	Epernay.
PAGE AND SANDEMAN	London.
POL ROGER & Co.	Rheims.
BOLLINGER & Co.	Chateau D'ay
JAMES HAWKER & Co.	Plymouth.
JUSTERINI & BROOKS	London.
COCKBURN & CAMPBELL	Leith.
AYALA & Co.	Ay.
RUINART PERE ET FILS	Rheims.
KIDD AND SHADBOLT	London.
P. VALCKENBERG	Worms.
C. MAREY & LIGER-BELAIR	Cotes d'Or.
J. & R. GRANT	Rothes.
ACKERMANN LAURANCE	Saumur
ANDREW ROWAN	Melbourne.
JOS. DIETZL	Budapest.
R. SCHLUMBERGER	Voslau.
JAMES CATHCART & Co.	Leith.
CHAS. MACKINLAY & Co.	Leith.
SIR ROBERT BURNETT & Co.	London.
J. & W. NICHOLSON & Co.	London.
W. E. EDDISON & Co.	London.
EMIL POHL & Co.	London.
W. DOYLE	London.

Secretaries and Presidents of Club and Military Messes can now obtain Wines, &c., from the above well-known Firms, without the inconvenience and expense of importing direct.

PRICE LIST ON APPLICATION TO

PHIPSON & Co.,
BOMBAY.

PERRIER JOUET & CO.'S
"B." BRAND
CHAMPAGNE,
In Magnums, Quarts and Pints.
LYON & CO.,
Sole Agents, Bombay.

WHAT FINER CAN YOU DRINK THAN
JOHN JAMESON
& SONS' (DUBLIN)
"OWN CASED" VERY OLD BLACK-BOTTLE
WHISKEY.

Please see you get it with

METAL CAPSULES { BLUE .....One Star. PINK .....Two Stars. GOLD.....Three Stars.

OF ALL DEALERS.

Sole Export Bottling Agents to J. J. & S.:—
C. DAY & CO., LONDON.

VICTORIA HOTEL.
PRINCE'S DOCK.
WINES AND SPIRITS,
Bottled by J. CONNELL.
WHISKIES.

OLD HIGHLAND ****	per doz. Rs.	36
OLD "HIGHLAND" ****	" "	32
OLD SCOTCH (Yellow Label)	" "	24
OLD SCOTCH (White Label)	" "	23
OLD HIGHLAND C. WHISKY	" "	30
IRISH WHISKY	" "	25

BRANDIES.

JAMES CONNELL'S **** a choice, thoroughly matured grape spirit (12 years old)	per doz. Rs.	47
JAMES CONNELL'S (10 years old)	" "	35
JAMES CONNELL'S Old Pale, a good "Pop" Brandy	" "	29

BOMBAY CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Municipal Commissioner has appointed MONDAY, 19th October, 1896, for the purpose of BALLOTING for a member to represent the Bombay Chamber of Commerce on the Municipal Corporation in place of Major H. D. Olivier, R.E., resigned.

The BALLOT-BOX will be OPEN at the Office of the Chamber, from 10 A.M., till 6 P.M., on that day.

By Order of the Committee,
A. F. BEAUFORT,
Chairman.
Chamber of Commerce, Bombay, 5th October, 1896.

ENGLISH COUNTRY HOME FOR INDIAN GIRLS.

A LIMITED NUMBER of PUPILS from INDIA are received at a Pleasantly Situated Country Home, near Cambridge. The usual English subjects and accomplishments carefully Taught by a duly qualified Staff of Resident Governesses and Visiting Professors. Charming walks, Refined and Comfortable Home, and good Library. Special attention paid to delicate or backward Pupils. Apply "C.P." Advertising Dept. "Gazette" Office, Bombay.

THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY

TRADE THERAPION MARK.

This successful and highly popular remedy, as employed in the Continental Hospitals by Ricord, Rostan, Jobert, Velpeau and others, combines all the desiderata to be sought in a medicine of the kind, and surpasses everything hitherto employed.

THERAPION NO. 1 in three days only removes all discharges, effectually superseding injections, the use of which does irreparable harm by laying the foundation of serious diseases. In dysentery, piles, irritation of the lower bowel, cough, bronchitis, asthma, and some of the more trying complaints of this kind, it will be found astonishingly efficacious, affording prompt relief where other well-tried remedies have been powerless.

THERAPION NO. 2 for disease of the bones, sore throat, all forms of syphilis, impure blood, scurvy, pimples, boils, blotches, and all those diseases for which it has been too much a fashion to employ mercury, sarsaparilla, &c., to the destruction of the sufferer's teeth and the ruin of health. Under this medicine every vestige of disease rapidly disappears, and the skin assumes the pleasing softness of infancy.

THERAPION NO. 3 for nervous debility, relaxation, and all the distressing consequences arising from excess, residence in hot, unhealthy climates, &c., It possesses surprising power in restoring strength and vigour to the debilitated.

THERAPION may be procured at 2s. 9d. and 4s. 6d. per package of all the principal Chemists and Merchants throughout the world. In ordering, the purchaser should state which of the three numbers he requires, and carefully observe the above Registered Trade Mark, which is a facsimile of the word "THERAPION" as it appears on the British Government Stamp (in white letters on a red ground) affixed to every genuine package by order of Her Majesty's Hon. Commissioners, and without which it is a forgery.

A TERRIBLE COUGH.
A TERRIBLE COUGH.
A TERRIBLE COUGH.

"94, Commercial Road, Peckham, July 12.

"Dear Sir,—I am a poor hand at expressing my feelings, but I should like to thank you. Your lozenges have done wonders in relieving my terrible cough. Since I had the operation of 'Tracheotomy' the same as the late Emperor of Germany, and unlike him, thank God, I am still alive, performed at St. Bartholomew's Hospital no one could possibly have had a more violent cough; it was so bad at times that it quite exhausted me. The mucous which was very copious and hard, has been softened, and I have been able to get rid of it without difficulty.—I am, sir, yours truly, J. Hill."

A DOCTOR'S TESTIMONY.
A DOCTOR'S TESTIMONY.
A DOCTOR'S TESTIMONY.

"Routh Park, Cardiff, South Wales, Sept. 28, 1893.

"I have, indeed, great pleasure in adding my testimonial in approbation of Compton's Cough Lozenges, and I have prescribed it now for the last eight years in my hospitals and private practice, and found it of great benefit. I often suffer from Chronic Bronchitis, your Lozenge is the only remedy which gives me immediate ease. Therefore I certainly and most strongly recommend your Lozenges to the public who may suffer from Catarrh, Bronchitis, Winter Cough, or any kind of Pulmonary Irritation.—Yours truly,

A. GABRIEL, M.D., L.R.C.P. and L.M. Edinburgh, L.R.C.S. and L.M. Edinburgh.

USE KEATING'S LOZENGES.
USE KEATING'S LOZENGES.
USE KEATING'S LOZENGES.

"IT IS 75 YEARS AGO" since KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES were first made, and the sale is larger than ever, because they are unrivalled in the relief and cure of Winter Cough, Asthma, and Bronchitis, one alone gives relief.

UTTERLY UNRIVALLED.
UTTERLY UNRIVALLED.
UTTERLY UNRIVALLED.

Keating's Cough Lozenges, the unrivalled remedy for COUGH, NO ARSENICS, and THROAT TROUBLES, and sold in Bottles by all Chemists

SEEDS! SEEDS! SEEDS! [illegible]
fancy tin-boxes.
Flower as Rs. 5, 7-8, and 10-
Cross Road, Bombay.

THE NEW AMERICAN REMEDY.

"PITCHER" WATER.

A BOON TO WOMEN.

"PITCHER" WATER is a safe and perfect cure for miscarriage and premature delivery, and other disorders for pregnancy. It has also been proved to be as effectual remedy for barrenness.

Per Bot.: Rs. 2-8; per doz. Rs. 24.

SOLE AGENTS. } PHILLIPS & CO., LD., { BOMBAY AND POONA.

DR. DE ROOS'
COMPOUND
RENAL PILLS

The only reliable remedy for Pains in the Back, Gravel, Lumbago, Gout, Rheumatism, Diseases of the Bladder, &c., which too frequently harass the sufferer over the best years of life, and not only in agonizing death. For weakness across the loins, sandy, or other deposits, they are indeed unrivalled. They correct acidity of the stomach, and promote, the functions of the kidneys, thereby preventing stone in the bladder, &c. Many complaints, long supposed to be nervous, often arise solely from contamination of the blood with certain impurities which should have been carried off by the kidneys; and by the use of these Pills a speedy cure will be effected in ninety-nine cases out of one hundred. Sold in Packages at 1s. 1½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., and 11s., by all the principal Merchants in India.

Purchasers are specially requested to see that every package bears the British Government Stamp, with the words "WALTER DE ROOS, LONDON" impressed thereon, in white letters on a red ground, and thus avoid worthless imitations.

DR. DE ROOS'
WORLD-FAMED
GUTTÆ VITÆ,
OR, LIFE DROPS.

The Great European Remedy for Nervous & Functional Debility, Spermatorrhœa, &c.

This remarkable rejuvenating essence strengthens the vitality of the whole system, gives energy to the muscles, and speedily restores the impaired powers of life, imparting strength and manly vigour to the most debilitated and worn-out constitution. Those who suffer from Premature Decay, or deficiency of the Vital Forces, owing to indiscretion in early life, or any other cause, will find this medicine just what they require. Equally adapted for the studious and sedentary; the aged and infirm; the nervous and debilitated; as also for delicate females and weakly children. All sufferers from loss of appetite, nervous headache, lassitude, and despondency—too often accompanied with suicidal thoughts—should make immediate and fair unprejudiced trial of this wonderful medicine, which is daily effecting the most remarkable cures in patients who had been given up by the Faculty. In all cases of nervous and functional debility (arising from whatever cause), it is truly unrivalled. To married persons especially, this preparation will prove invaluable, giving strength and vigour in place of lassitude and incapacity.—Price 11s., or four times that quantity, 38s., per bottle.

Dr. DE ROOS' COMPOUND RENAL PILLS, for Pains in the Back, Gravel, Lumbago, Gout, Rheumatism, Diabetes, and all Kidney Affections; Weakness across the Loins, Sandy, or other Deposits, Discharges, and Diseases of the Urinary Organs generally.—Price 2s. 9d.

Dr. DE ROOS' VEGETABLE LIFE PILLS, for Indigestion, Biliousness, and all disorders of the Liver, Stomach, and Bowels; these pills as a universal family medicine for both sexes, and all ages, they are unequalled.—13½d., and 2s. 9d., per Box.

Dr. DE ROOS' PILE AND FISTULA PILLS, the only reliable remedy for these annoying and painful ailments. Price 2s. 9d. per Box.

Purchasers are particularly requested to see that every package of Dr. DE ROOS' MEDICINES bears the British Government Stamp, with the words "WALTER DE ROOS, LONDON," impressed thereon in white letters on a red ground, and refuse worthless imitations frequently put forward by unscrupulous vendors for the sake of extra profit.

DEBILITATED and NERVOUS SUFFERERS should read the *Medical Adviser*, by Dr. DE ROOS, containing 192 pages, of information which every young man should possess, on the secret causes of nervous debility, impotency, depression of spirits, and confirmed melancholy. Sent post free on receipt of twelve penny stamps (English or Colonial), by Mr. LAWES, Medical Publisher, 14 HAND COURT, HOLBORN, LONDON, W.C., or obtainable of any of the Agents for Dr. DE ROOS' Medicines.

WHOLESALE AGENTS FOR INDIA:—
TREACHER & COMPANY, LD.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA,

DR. DE JONGH'S
KNIGHT OF THE ORDER OF LEOPOLD OF BELGIUM
KNIGHT OF THE LEGION OF HONOUR
LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL

THE PUREST. THE MOST PALATABLE. THE MOST DIGESTIBLE. THE MOST EFFICACIOUS.

Incontestably proved by Thirty-eight Years' Medical Experience to be
The only Cod Liver Oil which produces the full curative effects in
CONSUMPTION AND DISEASES OF THE CHEST, THROAT AFFECTIONS, GENERAL DEBILITY, DISEASES OF THE SKIN, WASTING DISEASES OF CHILDREN, RICKETS, AND ALL SCROFULOUS DISORDERS.

SELECT MEDICAL OPINIONS.

SIR G. DUNCAN GIBB, Bart., M.D.,
Physician to the Westminster Hospital.

"The value of DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL as a therapeutic agent in a number of diseases, chiefly of an exhaustive character, has been admitted by the world of medicine; but, in addition, I have found it a remedy of great power in the treatment of many Affections of the Throat and Larynx, especially in Consumption of the latter, where it will sustain life when everything else fails."

JOSEPH J. POPE, Esq., M.R.C.S.,
Late Staff Surgeon, Army, Professor of Hygiene, Birkbeck Institution, London.

"I found during my Indian experience that the worth and character of DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL remained unchanged by tropical heat or foreign climate, and it was, from its uniformity of character, particularly adapted for long continued administration. The value of 'hydro-carbons' in all debilitated states of the system is now becoming thoroughly recognised; and it is, without doubt, found the animal oils and fats, rather than from their vegetable substitutes, the two may hope to derive the surest benefit. The Oil of DR. DE JONGH places its everyone's reach a reliable and valuable remedy, one that cannot be too widely recognized."

DR. SINCLAIR COGHILL,
Physician to the Royal National Hospital for Consumption, Ventnor.

"I have convinced myself that in Tubercular and the various forms of Strumous Disease, DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL possesses greater therapeutic efficacy than any other Cod Liver Oil with which I am acquainted. It was especially noted, in a large number of cases in which patients rejected, they had never been able to retain or digest other Cod Liver Oil, that DR. DE JONGH'S OIL was not only tolerated, but taken readily, and with marked benefit."

DR. R. C. CROFT,
Author of "Handbook for the Nursery."

"DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL is almost a specific in many of the Diseases peculiar to Infancy and Childhood, and I have seen marked benefit produced by its use. Patients prefer it to the Pale Oils, and are able to retain it more comfortably."

DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL is supplied ONLY in IMPERIAL Half-Pints, Pints and Quarts, sealed with Seal's Pat. Capsule impressed on the top with DR. DE JONGH'S Stamp, and on the side with his Signature, and the Signature of ANSAR, HARFORD & Co.; and bearing under the wrapper a Label with the same Stamp and Signatures.

WITHOUT THESE MARKS NONE CAN POSSIBLY BE GENUINE.

Sold by all respectable Chemists, Druggists, and Storekeepers throughout the World.

SOLE CONSIGNEES.
ANSAR, HARFORD & Co., Limited, 210, HIGH HOLBORN, LONDON.

THE
ST. JAMES'S BUDGET
(LONDON).
AN ILLUSTRATED REVIEW AND RECORD OF NEWS.
THE MOST ATTRACTIVE AND INTERESTING PICTORIAL PAPER FOR
ENGLISH PEOPLE RESIDING ABROA

BOMBAY BANK AND STOCK LIST.

BANKS.

	Shares.	Amount.	Paid-up.	Last Half-Yearly Divid.	Cash Rate.
INDIAN BANKS.					
Bank of Bombay	20,000	Rs. 500	Rs. all	10 p. c.	1,402½
Bank of Bengal	20,000	500	all	1 bon.	
Bank of Madras	10,000	500	all	12½ pr. st	1,342xd½
Commercial &	10,000	500	all	10 pr. "	1,315
Ld. Mgc ...	14,000	100	{ 100 / 75 }	10, c.c.	155
EXCHANGE BANKS.					
Agra	100,000	£10	all	5 pr. ct.	80
Quarter Bank ...	40,000	£20	all	7 pr. ct.	427
Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation ...					
National Bank of India	80,000	£125	£12½	5 pr. ct.	200

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.

				Half yearly	
Alliance	1,200	1,100	all		600
Apollo-Indian ...	1,944		100	Nil	60
Arnasalbad S. & M. Co. Ld.	6 8	1,000	1,000	60	1,000
Bombay Co. Ld.	800	1,000	1,000		710
Britannia Mills	1,000	1,000	1,000 dvd Rs.40		785
Central India	1,000	500	500 dvd Rs.50		1,080
China Sz Hi Cotton Co Ld	800	1,000	1,000 dvd Rs.60		870
City of Bombay Mills	800	1,000	1,000 dvd Rs.50		1,080
Coimbatore S and W	6,000	100	100	9 per ct.	125
Colaba Land & Mfg. Co	800	500	500	25	720
Commercial	4,000	700	...	dvd Rs12	645
Coorla Mills ...	800	1,000	1,000 dvd Rs.50		580
Currimbhoy Mill	800	1,000	1,000 dvd Rs.60		1,000
David Mill	1,400	500	500 dvd Rs.30		525
Dhuru Mills ...	1,000	500	500		560
Empress	2,100	500	500	dvd 25	590
Framjee Pet'l, Hindustan	1,250	1,000	1,000 dvd Rs.30		700
Hingankhat Mills	875	1,000	1,000	30	740
Howard and Bullough ...	1,500	500	500	25	700
Hope Mills	400	1,000	1,000	50	625
Hyderabad	1,500	1,000	1,000		650
Ingram Cotton Spinning	900	500	500	dvd Rs.15	490
Indian Manfg. Co.	900	1,000	1,000	60	1,250
India Cotton Manufacturing Co. Ld	700	1,000	1,000 dvd Rs.50		774xd
Jacob Sassoon ...	1,000	500	500	30	710
Jaffer Alli	600	500	500 dvd Rs.20		225
Jamshed Manufacturing Co. ...	1,800	250	250 dvd Rs.10		225xd
Jeevraj Balloo ...	1,000	1,000	1,000 dvd Rs.20		930
Jubilee Mills	800	1,000	1,000	20	550
Kamani Co. Ld ...	843	1,000	1,000	dvd 3	310
Khandesh	750	1,500	1,000 dvd Rs.60		800
Khanagum and Mandvi Co. ...	400	250	250	Nil	850
Khatau Makanji	1,000	1,250	1,000 dvd Rs.25		900
Kohinoor	1,500	100	100 dvd Rs.10		260xd
Lord Ronay Mills	445	1,000	1,000		800
Lakmidas Khimjee Nanji & Co. ...	1,000	1,000	1,000 dvd Rs.80		1,080
Manchester ...	2,000	500	500 dvd Rs.40		1,080
Maharashtra ...	800	1,000	1,000		570
Mahboob Shah Mir Nagul. burgal	3,400	500	500	15 pr ct	...
Manockjee Petit	1,000	1,000	1,000 dv Rs100		2,350
Mazagon	4,000	250	250 dvd Rs 5		145
Morarji Goculdas	1,250	1,000	1,000 dvd Rs75		2,300
Mysore Sz M Co Ld	4,000	250	250 dvd 15		250
Madras Mills ...	1,000	100	100	Nil	pas.
National	800	1,000	1,000	Nil	620
New Great Eastern	1,000	1,000	1,000	Rs 20	575
Oriental	4,735	625	625 dvd Rs 20		360
Presidency Mills Co (Ld).	743	1,000	1,000 dvd Rs50		1,300
Queen Mills ...	800	1,000	1,000 dvd Rs 60		870
Ripon Mills	600	1,000	1,000 dvd Rs50		1,250
Shahpore Mills ...	1,500	1,000	1,000 dvd Rs60		1,150
Soonderdas	800	1,000	1,000 dvd Rs60		1,660
Southern India ...	750	500	500 dvd Rs 30		910
Southern Mahratta ...	1,312	250	250 dv Rs 12½		370
Sun M Ld. (Ld.) ...	1,000	1,000	1,000 dvd Rs 30		1,300
Standard Mills Co. ...	1,000	500	500	25	385
Star of India ...	1,000	1,000	1,000	Nil	850
Swadeshi Mills ...	475	500	500 dvd Rs15		660
Swan and Alliance ...	,000	90	90 dvd Rs15		680
Union Spinning and Manufacturing Co. ...	900	1,000	1,000	40	510
Union Mills Ld	00	1,000	1,000 dvd Rs30		550
Venkatachalam Lukhmidas Mill Co. ...	900	500	900 dvd Rs40		410xd
Victoria Mills ...	1,000	1,000	1,000	Nil	950
Western India ...	1,200	1,000	1,000	35	850
Wadia Mills ...	1,250	1,000	—	—	

RAILWAY COMPANIES.

G. I. P. R. Consolidated ...	—	£100	all	guar. 5 p. c.
Nizam's S. B. & C. L. R. ...	—	£ 18	—	o.
Ahmedabad Prantij ...	4,000	500	300	400
The Tapti Valley ...	20,000	500	50	70

PRESS COMPANIES.

				Yearly	
Akbar	200	1,250	1,250	75	1,130
Albert Ginning Co	100	500	all	18 pr. ct.	45
Albert (Kurrachee) ...	200	1,100	1,100	Rs 80	1,120
Bellery	167	1,000	1,000 dvd 14 x		225
Bhownagger City Press Manfg Co, Ld	550	250	250	25	275
Bombay Cotton Jewett's Canopore Press Co, Ld	4,000	125	125 dv Rs12½		170
Broach City Press Co., Ld	800	200	200	10	187½
Colaba	800	200	200 dvd Rs25		230
Empress	350	1,000	1,000 dvd Rs15		1,375
English Press and Manfg ...	400	200	...	dvd Rs 8	100
Fort	150	5,500	500	25+80	1,125
French	300	500	500	dvd Rs30	600
Harvey and Sahapathy ...	450	450	500	dvd Rs40	385
Hingoll Press ...	700	100	100	dvd Rs11	160
Khanagum	240	455	450	Rs40	530
Mahuva Press Co., Ld ...	300	200	all	18 pr. ct.	335
Mahmadpura Cotton Gand Pressing Co. ...	300	500	500	53	95
Mercantile ...	1,000	125	125	dvd Rs 4	85
Motwali Co ...	8,125	400	400	Nil	380
Munmar M. ...	1,000	250	all	15	215
New Berar ...	1,300	500	500	dvd Rs30	500
New Indian ...	1,200	125	125	dvd Rs 9	147½
Prince of Wales ...	100	500	500	25	475
Sahapathy (Bellary) ...	500	500	75	20	385
Sassoon ...	300	500	500	20	685
Sind and Punjab Co ...	100	1,000	1,000	200	2,250
Sind ...	400	2,000	750	50	650
Surat Woollen Mills ...	1,200	250	250	Nil	87
Suratchy Printing Press Co., Ld ...	270	200	all	12	220
Volkart ...	...	1,000	10	dvd Rs8	1,250

MISCELLANEOUS.

				Half yearly	
Alcock Ashdown ...	1,100	100	100	dvd Rs 5	310
Asiatic Fire Insurance Co Ld ...	—	1,000	100	—	115 5
Back Bay Trading Co ...	500	100	50	12	100
Badhara Pile ...	6,000	100	100	12	
Bombay & Burma Trading Corporation ...	1,000	2,500	1,500	300	6,250
Do. New Issue ...	500	375	375	75	1,570
Bombay Land and Building Co, Ld. ...	1,350	100	100	dvd 3	65
Bombay Flour Mill ...	400	500	500	5 pr. ct.	50
Deccan Paper Mills ...	1,000	800	800	8 pr. ct.	1,250xd
Delhi and Northern India Flour Mills...	1,500	200	200	dvd Rs16	250
Delhi Cloth & General Mills Co., Ld.....	2,250	250	250	8 pr. ct.	215
Indian Guarantee Surety Ship Ass ...	5,000	100	10	16 pr. ct.	350
John Roberts ...	1,500	100	100	16 pr. ct.	17
Do. Do. ...	4,000	200	175	31	190
Kurrachee Landing ...	800	800	800	30	360xd
Madras Co. Ld ...	4,000	100	100	dvd Rs15	178xd
Napier Hotel Co	2,000	100	100	9 pr. ct.	40
Naidu Trading Corporation ...	1,000	100	200	...	60
Phillips & Co. ...	4,000	100	100	dvd Rs8	163
Port Canning Co ...	5,000	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs20	98xd
Scundy & Co. ...	2,000	100	100	8	400xd
Thacker & Co. ...	3,000	500	25	60	1,07xd
Thacker & Co. ...	1,500	100	100		13
Telephone Co. ...	9,300	25	100	dvd Rs1	3

PRICES OF BULLION.

Sovereign	Rs. 17-1-6
Mexican Dollars ...	...
Gold Five-Rupee Pieces ...	Rs. 15-6
Bar Silver ...	per cent. 90
Gold Coin ...	" 27-4
Bar Gold, English ...	" 27-2
Bar Australian ...	" 27-1
Bar Bombay ...	" 27
Silver Tola ...	" 26-12

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

Three-and-a-half per cent Reduced ...	104 3-16
Three-and-a-half per cent 1889 ...	103 ¼
Municipal 5 percent. Debenture Loans ...	133½
New French Loan 3 per cent. 1878 ...	...
City of Paris 3 per cent. ...	...
Unguaranteed four per cent. Port Trust Bond ...	113½

EXCHANGE

	Terms.		Rate.
London Banks ...	On demand ...	...	1s. 2 5-32d.
Do. ...	4 Months sight ...	Mercantile ...	1s. 2 3-32d.
Do. ...	4 "	Do. ...	1s. 2 3-16d.
Do. ...	6 "	Do. ...	...
Do. ...	6 "	Do. ...	...
Do. Documents ...	3 "	Do. ...	1s. 2 5-16d.
Do. Do. ...	3 "	Do. ...	1s. 2 13-32d.
Do. Credits ...	3 "	Do. ...	1s. 2 9-32d.
Do. do. ...	6 "	Do. ...	1s. 2 3-8d.
France ...	4 "	Do. ...	152 1-4
Do. ...	6 "	Do. ...	151 1-4
Calcutta ...	At sight ...	...	100 1-16
Do. ...	30 days ...	do. ...	100 1-32
Madras ...	At sight ...	...	100 1-16
Do. ...	30 days ...	do. ...	100 1-16
China ...	60 days ...	do. ...	178

ROWLANDS KALYDOR is a most delightfully cooling, soothing, healing, refreshing, and emollient milk for the skin. It prevents and removes freckles and sunburn, soothes and heals stings of insects, cures prickly heat &c.; renders the skin soft and delicate, and produces a clear and healthy complexion. It is warranted free from any poisonous ingredients. Ask any dealer in perfumery, for Rowlands' Kalydor, and avoid poisonous and worthless imitations.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Sun rises, 5h., 53m. Sun sets, 5h., 41m. High water, 1-17m., 1-10h. Low water, 7-10m., 7-14s.

Royal Bombay Golf Club, final round.

Mercantile Press Company, Apollo Street, 2 p.m.

Bombay Hockey Tournament.

B. V. A., Ladies' Concert, Fort Club.

Cricket, Army and Navy C. C. vs. Indian Marine.

Music at the Esplanade Bandstand, 6 p.m.

TO-MORROW.

Sun rises, 5h., 53m. Sun sets, 5h., 40m. High water, 2-7m., 1-53s. Low water, 8-1m., 7-38s.

P. and O. s. s. Carthage, with English mails of the 25th ult., due to arrive, midnight.

PRINCE'S DOCK.—The steamer Clan Murray entered the dock yesterday, and the steamer Naderi left it on Thursday.

VICTORIA DOCK.—The steamer Bullionist left the dock yesterday.

MORMUGAO HARBOUR.—A Black Can Buoy has now been placed to mark the Mormugao Rock.

LECTURE.—A lecture will be delivered in the Church Mission Hall, Thakordwar, this evening, at 6-30, by Mr. P. D. Hormasji, L.R.C.S. Subject: "Christ the Desire of all Nations."

SMALL CAUSES COURT.—Owing to the October vacation, the Bombay Small Causes Court will be closed from Tuesday, the 13th instant, to the 6th November next, both days inclusive.

ESCAPING FROM THE SASSOON REFORMATORY.—Narayen Galnoo, aged thirteen years, an inmate of the David Sassoon Reformatory, is reported to have escaped from that institution on the evening of the 7th instant.

POSTAL NOTICE.—Mails for Mauritius, Reunion, Mayotti, Majunga, Nossibe, Madagascar, Delagoa Bay, Natal, Cape Colony, and the Transvaal, via Tuticorin and Colombo, will be closed at the General Post Office, at 6 p.m., to-morrow (Sunday).

SERIOUS MILL ACCIDENT.—Bhow Cassiram, a Hindu labourer, aged twenty-five years, residing at Parel, and employed in the Jacob Sassoon Mill at Sopari Baugh Road, was, on Thursday afternoon, engaged in cleaning the machinery in the rollers department, when his right hand was caught in the cylinder and was crushed. He was taken to the J. J. Hospital, where the injured hand was amputated.

MUSIC AT THE ESPLANADE BANDSTAND.—By kind permission of Lieutenant-Colonel E. S. Luard and Officers, the Band of the B. B. and C. I. Railway Volunteer Rifle Corps will play the following programme at the Esplanade Bandstand, at 6 o'clock, this evening:—

Grand March ...	Agenoria ... W. Moore.
Polonaise ...	Masken ... Faust.
Selection from ...	Haddon Hall ... Sullivan.
Valse Espagnole ...	Nita ... Williams.
Two Polish Dances ...	... ... Franz Margen.
Marcia Espagnola ...	Sangre Torera ... Jose Ervti.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

THE FINANCES OF GOA.—The increasing expenditure and decreasing income from almost all sources are causing serious embarrassment to Government, writes our Goa correspondent, and the depletion of the treasury compels the governing body to cast wistful glances upon private funds which unscrupulous legislation may force into the public treasury. Though the prospects financial outlook is very gloomy, and one may almost despair in expecting to see the things in a better light, there is a strong actual pressure which must be met by all means. In the *Boletim Official* of the last instant three separate orders have been issued by the Governor-General to meet the extraordinary expenses for the year 1895-96: opening a credit for Rs. 60,000, Rs. 50,135, and Rs. 3,000, respectively. The orders are not explicit whether loans will be issued on private funds of religious or civil Corporations may be indented upon to meet the demand.

THE SOUTHERN MAHRATTA SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANY:—An extraordinary general meeting of shareholders of the company was held, yesterday, at the registered office, Bank Street, Mr. Shamrao Vithal, the chairman of the board of directors, presiding. The following resolutions were duly confirmed:—(1) That the capital of the company be increased to the extent of six lakhs of Rupees by the issue of 2,400 new shares of Rs. 250 each, payable Rs. 125 on application, Rs. 50 on allotment, and further two calls of Rs. 50 per share at intervals of not less than four months, and the balance as may be required, but not till twelve months from date of allotment. (2) That the capital be raised to carry interest at the rate of 3½ per cent. payable out of the reserve dividend fund account on the amount of calls paid up from time to time and until such time as the new mill starts fully working in conjunction with the present mill, and that, thereafter, distinction should be made between the two issues of shares. (3) That for the first three months the new shares should be available to shareholders in the old concern only, and that, after the expiry of the said three months, the balance, if any, of shares remaining unallotted, should be offered to the public. The proceedings terminated with the customary compliment to the chairman.

DEFAMATION IN A THEATRE.—At the Mazagon Police Court, yesterday, Mr. W. Webb, Acting Second Presidency Magistrate, disposed of a case in which one C. M. Fernandes, a compounder in the J. J. Hospital, charged three Goanese, viz., Antonio A. De Souza Tindao, Simon Silva, and Joze De Souza, with defamation, in that the accused were alleged to have made certain allusions and insinuations in the performance against him, for which they were likely to damage his reputation and moral character in the estimation of others. Mr. De Souza appeared for the complainant, the accused being undefended. On the night of the 20th ultimo complainant received information to the effect that at a theatrical performance given that night by the three accused, at Grant Road, certain indecent allusions and insinuations were made against him by one of the actors. On receiving these above information the complainant on the same night proceeded to the theatre and questioned the first accused, who was an instructor, in the theatrical company, as to why such defamatory allusions were made in the performance against him. The accused replied that he did so because he and his wife had separated, and he believed that the applicant, who was a resident of Girgaum, would disappear also. The magistrate was satisfied that this was absolutely a false charge, this being the part and parcel of the charge in which Chunilal was the prime mover. The four notes being forgeries were impounded in the court, and the notice was dismissed.

"CRITICISM Will Foster Talent," is an adage too well-known to need dilating upon, especially as it is necessary to speak of something which for many years has defied adverse criticism. Holloway's Pills and Ointment, as sterling remedies for all complaints, are more familiar than "household words," being in constant daily use by thousands of people, who look upon their possession as a positive necessity. Leading medical authorities advise their use as reliable medicines in times of need. As a certain cure for all skin diseases they are unequalled, while for bile, sick headache, flatulency, indigestion, and all liver and stomach disorders, it has been truly said they are worth their weight in gold.

A NOTICE DISMISSED.—Yesterday, at the Esplanade Police Court, Mr. J. Sanders-Slater, Chief Presidency Magistrate, heard the arguments regarding the notice issued against Hargovind Narotam, at the instance of Rewdat Gayadin, calling upon him to show cause why a summons should not be issued against him on the charge of cheating and criminal breach of trust, in respect of four promissory notes, amounting to Rs. 2,450, passed by the firm of Lulubhoy Vithal, in 1889, to Hargovind. The amount of the notes was alleged to have been embezzled by Hargovind. Mr. Hugh Sealy, pleader, appeared to show cause against the notice; while Mr. Pradhan, pleader, appeared in support of it. Mr. Sealy said that one Chuntial Pitamber was dismissed from the service of Lulubhoy Vithal's firm. After his dismissal the man set about fabricating notes to the extent of Rs. 16,000, including the four notes, the subject matter of the charge. Claims were made in the Small Causes Court regarding some of the notes. They were proved to be fabricated, and the fraud was brought to light. Hargovind was frightened lest he should be charged with acting in collusion with Chunilal, went to the office of Messrs. Wadia and Ghandhi, solicitors, and handed over the notes to Mr. Wadia for the purpose of having criminal proceedings instituted. A warrant was obtained against Chunilal by the firm of Lulubhai, but the man was not to be found. His wife, Dewalibai, obtained a warrant against Hargovind and the firm. The enquiry was made, and when the fraud was discovered the prosecutrix also disappeared. A warrant was issued for her arrest, but it remained unexecuted. Now, Rewadat Gayadin, the present applicant, came forward to lay claim to the notes. The notes were then produced in court by Mr. Wadia's clerk, and the magistrate remarked that Hargovind was falsely accused. Mr. Sealy observed that two actors in the drama, viz., Chunilal and his wife, had disappeared, and he believed that the applicant, who was a resident of Girgaum, would disappear also. The magistrate was satisfied that this was absolutely a false charge, this being the part and parcel of the charge in which Chunilal was the prime mover. The four notes being forgeries were impounded in the court, and the notice was dismissed.

A NOTORIOUS PATHAN SENT TO JAIL.—Before Mr F. S. Taleyarkhan, Acting Fourth Presidency Magistrate, at the Mazagon Police Court, yesterday, Inspector Saunderson charged Malek Ahmed Sheik, a notorious Pathan, having a record of three previous convictions against him, with stealing a gold embroidered cap, of the value of Rs. 3-8, from the person of a Hindu lad, named Madhow Rama, a mill-hand, residing at Gilder Street, and also with wrongfully restraining the boy. Mr. Kharas, pleader, defended the accused. It appears that, about 4 o'clock, on the afternoon of the 3rd instant, the complainant, a lad, went on business to the Two Tanks, where he met an acquaintance of his, named Gowania Dewji. After transacting the business, they, about 3 p.m., proceeded to Falkland Road, where they were joined by the accused, who took them to a grog shop at the corner of Golpitha, and treated them with four bottles of toddy. The accused then sent Gowania to fetch a piece worth of biddees, and during his absence, accused took complainant to his room on the first floor of a house in the same locality, and having fastened the door from inside, removed an embroidered cap from the person of the lad and detained him in the room. About 6 o'clock in the evening Gowania arrived and knocked at the door, when the lad called out for help and the accused opened the door. The complainant then made a certain statement in consequence of which Gowania made a report to the police and the accused was given in the police custody. Mr. Kharas, on behalf of the accused, denied the charge. After the evidence was recorded, and his Worship framed charges against the accused, Inspector Saunderson produced a register of previous convictions against the accused, from which it appeared that accused had been sentenced two years' rigorous imprisonment for participating in the late Hindu-Mahomedan riots, and also subsequently sent to jail twice for three and six months on other charges, and was released from the jail on the 15th August last. His Worship convicted the accused of theft and wrongful confinement, and sentenced him to nine months' rigorous imprisonment.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

A NOTIFICATION has been issued that the Pilgrim Ships Act, passed last year, has come into force with effect from the 6th instant. Detailed rules under the Act are also published.

MR. R. NATHAN has concluded his special duty in connection with the revision of the provincial contracts. He will, as already announced, act as Under-Secretary in the Home Department when Mr. Hill proceeds home on leave.

MAJOR COLIN MACKENZIE, Seaforth Highlanders, is among the officers who have passed for the Staff College, and he will consequently not return to India. His appointment of Deputy Adjutant-General, Quetta District, will now fall vacant.

THE death of Mr. Justice Rivaz causes a permanent vacancy in the Chief Court of the Punjab, which must be filled up forthwith, under rules regulating the constitution of the Court. Mr. Reid, so far, has only been officiating as a barrister Judge, but the appointment now lapses. The local Government may, of course, now nominate him for the vacancy.

MAJOR PEARS, on return from furlough, will be posted as Political Agent at Ulwar.

IN the Murree Polo Tournament, at Murree, the Argyle and Sutherland Highlanders beat the Kings Own Scottish Borderers by four goals to three.

THE *Pioneer* says the meteorological reports of the next few days will be watched with the deepest interest, as there are signs of the formation of a depression in the Bay of Bengal. If this develops into a big cyclonic storm and sweeps up into the N.-W. Provinces and the Punjab it would be the salvation of the areas affected by the drought.

THE approximate gross earnings of Indian railway continue to improve slowly, though the receipts up to the 9th September are still 89¼ lakhs worse than for the corresponding period of last year. The North-Western Railway is over 45 lakhs, the Rajputana-Malwa over 21 lakhs, the East Indian nearly 18 lakhs, and the B. B. and C. I. Railway over 14 lakhs, to the bad. The G. I. P. Railway, however, is nearly 11 lakhs better.

THE *Rangoon Times* states that one Ma U Zun entered the house of one Maung Lu and took away therefrom thirteen tameins, valued at about Rs. 40. "The matter was reported to the Police, who arrested the woman, and brought her up before the Western Sub-divisional Magistrate who sentenced her to receive thirty stripes! This is the first time we have heard of such a sentence being passed upon a woman."

AT an open durbar held at the Hanumandhoka palace a few days ago, and largely attended by the nobility, civil, and military officers, and citizens of Nepal, the Maharaja, Sir Bir Shumshere Jung, the Prime Minister and Commander-in-Chief of Nepal, announced the close of the Tibetan imbroglio. It will be remembered that the misunderstanding arose over the importation of salt to Nepal. The Tibetans have now agreed to continue the old practice, viz., to allow the export of salt from Tibet in exchange for rice from Nepal. The war between the two countries, which this disagreement threatened, the Maharaja had the satisfaction of assuring his subjects, was now warded off. The Prime Minister deserved and has received from the Maharaja Adhiraj much credit for the dexterity with which he has handled affairs and arranged a settlement without going to war. His service in this respect have just been acknowledged by the Adhiraj by his conferring upon him the title of Prithula Adhisa Gurgha Dakshana Vasu, the right hand of the mighty king of Gorkha. Considering that the day when the Maharaja gave his subjects this happy news was the anniversary of the Gurkha conquest of Nepal when the entire population of Gurkhas and Newars alike plunge into festivities for a whole week, the news communicated by Nepal's popular Prime Minister only a few hours before the ceremonious annual installation of the dhiraj on the gaddi considerably enhanced the enjoyment of the assembled crowds.

A CALCUTTA correspondent says that the "plague" was imported from the Persian Gulf in bales of date fruit and warns the Health Officer to make raid on any new arrivals of dates and halloos from Bombay. Precautionary measures against the plague are being quietly pushed forward in Calcutta. Two hospitals there are to be at once constructed on a plot of land selected at Manicktollah. This suburb is well suited for such purpose, being practically an island, and will afford complete isolation. The hospitals are designed to accommodate ten patients each, but the Health Officer has submitted to the Municipal Chairman a scheme for the erection of a much more capacious building which can be quickly erected if required. In addition to these temporary hospitals arrangements have been made for an ambulance corps. Dr. Simpson has been appointed Health Officer to the discoverer of an anti-toxin treatment which seemed to have a beneficial effect in the plague cases in China with a view to trying it in India. At present, all that the medical profession advise in cases of the disease is to support the strength of the patent with nourishing diet and stimulants and to treat the fever and glandular swellings and other symptoms as they arise.

A TRULY portentous gap says the local paper will be made during the next few months in the upper ranks of the Civil Service in the N.-W. Provinces. Mr. H. C. Irwin has just gone, Mr. J. S. Mackintosh is just going, and Mr. W. Crooke, at present on furlough, has just determined to go. Both members of the Board of Revenue, Mr. Alan Cadell and Mr. George Adams, will have left it by the time the Government re-assembles at Naini Tal; and Mr.W. C. Benett, the Settlement Commissioner of Oudh, will also then be missing. Mr. Markham, Judge of Meerut, goes early in the coming year; and of Civilians belonging to the Provinces but serving in outside capacities, Mr. Harvey-James, the Legislative Secretary, is on the point of giving up his duties; while Sir Edward Buck, now on special duty, retires on the completion of his *magnum opus* at the end of the year. There is not one of those we have mentioned who is not a man of some mark in his particular line, and the loss of so much ability and experience at one blow, so to speak is a serious matter for the Provinces. The optimist consoles himself under the circumstances with remembering that there are as good fish in the sea as ever came out of it. But the public service of a single province is not a sea by any means. It is something much more in the nature of a pond, and there are comparatively many big fish at once without becoming sensible of their absence. A sufficient stock may be left as far as numbers go, but of these a considerable proportion will never grow into big fish at all, and others will take a long time to attain a respectable size. Looking at the men halfway up the list who ought to be showing signs of coming on, how many are there who are making a reputation for scholarship, research or literary work, or for excellence out of the ordinary run as officials? Lamentably few, it is to be feared so few, in fact, that the hopes of the future seem to rest on the undiscovered talent that may be latent among the juniors, the men of eight years' service and under.

A CURIOUS instance of speculative litigation has been afforded by the Mysore claim case, a suit for six lakhs of rupees against the Dewan of Mysore, which has recently been dismissed. In this case the absolute legal expenses of the claimants appear to have amounted to fully Rs. 20,000, the leading counsel having received a fee of Rs. 10,000; but of this large sum not a rupee came out of the pockets of those who were suing. The case was methodically financed by a ring of enterprising speculators who raised the required amount in shares of Rs. 1,000 each. Some contented themselves with a single share a piece, others took two or more. The agreement with the principals was that if the case was successful the association should receive a lakh of rupees, so that every thousand-rupee share would have brought in five thousand. A profit of 400 per cent. is certainly a handsome one—if the chance comes off. But looking to the risk of its not coming off, and to the comfortable position of the other party to the contract, who stood to win five lakhs without risking a penny, we cannot think that the capitalists drove a hard bargain. As it turns out their spirit of enterprise seems to have been stronger than their legal acumen, and they have lost the whole sum advanced. The system of financing litigants with valuable claims would seem to have been carried further in Southern India than in any other part of the country. When a promising case of this kind comes upon the *tapis*, a syndicate is at once formed to take the risk off the principal's shoulders. The first step is to consult an eminent counsel, and if his opinion is at all favourable the syndicate closes up and proceeds to raise the money. Sometimes a second syndicate will be created to finance the defence. This is velvet for the speculator who has only got to take a share in that too to make certain of winning handsomely. Thus if he were able to invest Rs. 1,000 on each side on the terms of the agreement in the Mysore case he would be certain of netting Rs. 3,000, and as a matter of fact the terms get higher in proportion to the sum advaced. It is probably the constant occurrence of big zemindari cases in which minors and widows with little cash but great expectations figure as parties that has brought the system in Madras to its present state of perfection. Only the other day a claim was brought to one of the biggest zemindaris in Southern India, with the object of ousting the possessor, in which the claimant was financially a man of straw. But his backers fought the case—a very protracted one, from District Court to High Court, and from High Court to Privy Council, which finally dismissed the appeal. The amount ventured in this litigation must have been something very considerable, but the members of the syndicate would probably look upon the loss of their individual shares philosophically as one of those petty reverses which must occasionally be encountered in the course of a series of similar speculations.

HIGH COURT.—APPELLATE SIDE.

(Before the Hon. Mr. JUSTICE PARSONS, and the Hon. Mr. JUSTICE RANADE.)

ENDANGERING THE SAFETY OF RAILWAY PASSENGERS.

IMPERATRIX VS. WASUDEO KHUNDERAO JOSHI.

THE accused in this case appealed from a decision of the Hon. Mr. Crowe, Sessions Judge of Poona, who, in July last, convicted him of endangering the safety of persons travelling in a mail train by a rash or negligent act or omission under section 101 C of the Indian Railway Act 9 of 1890, and sentenced him to three months' rigorous imprisonment. Mr. S. R. Bakhale, appeared for the accused, and the Government Pleader for the Crown.

The facts are these. The stations of Yawat and Urufi stand on the Sholapore line of the G. I. P. Railway, and the accused was acting as stationmaster at the Yawat station. On the morning of the 8th June last, No. 15 down-goods train came safe as far as Urufi, and the accused was the person who gave the line-clear for that train. It left Urufi station for Yawat. While on its way, the coupling between two waggons of the train gave way, with the result that the train parted. The front portion was carried to Yawat, and the rear portion, consisting of some waggons and a brake, remained behind on the line in charge of the head guard, Mr. Steers. The front portion was in charge of Mr. James Morris, the head driver. As soon as the front portion arrived at the Yawat station, the accused, without carefully ascertaining whether the whole of the train, with the headguard, had reached, gave the line-clear to the station-master at Urufi for 137 down-mail train, which was to pass through that station. The station master at Urufi having received the line-clear, himself took the line-clear ticket and handed it to Mr. Coverjee Cowasjee, the driver of the mail train, who at once proceeded to Yawat, with the result that the mail train collided with the No. 15 down-goods train. The damage to the latter was to the extent of Rs. 2,909. The Sessions Judge remarked that the accused had given the line-clear without satisfying himself that what he intimated to the station-master at Urufi was a fact, and that in itself was sufficient to show that the accused acted negligently, and that there could not be any doubt that it was sufficient to endanger the safety of persons in the mail train.

Mr. Justice Parsons, in giving the court's decision, said: It has been argued before us that, as the block working rules have not been sanctioned by Government, no obligation is imposed on a station-master to wait for the train to arrive and examine it, and that the whole train has arrived at his station before giving the signal of line-clear to the last station. We think, however, that this is a matter independent of rules. Section 101 C of the Railway Act makes any rash or negligent act or omission punishable. We consider that in the present case, the accused was guilty of a negligent act or omission. When the train came into his station, he, without making any enquiries as to whether the whole train had arrived, gave the line-clear signal to the last station. As a matter of fact, the train had parted, and a part of it was still on the line between the two stations. The accused, before giving the line-clear signal ought certainly to have ascertained that the whole train had arrived; and in giving the line-clear signal without informing himself of this fact, he was guilty of a negligent act or omission. This is the view that the lower courts have taken of the case, and it is a correct one. We reject the application.

AN ILLEGAL ORDER FOR REWARD.

IMPERATRIX VS. VITHU WALAD RAMJEE AND TWO OTHERS.

THIS was a report of the proceedings of Mr. L. B Tamhane, third-class magistrate of Akola, who, in September last, convicted the accused of theft, under section 379 of the Indian Penal Code, and fined them Rs. 10 each, or in default to forfeit or suffer village rigorous imprisonment. Out of the fine, if recovered, five rupees were ordered to be paid to the complainant, a forest servant, as a reward. Their lordships held, that, as the convictions were for an offence under the Indian Penal Code, and not under the Forest Act, the order for reward was illegal. The court accordingly reversed the convictions and sentences.

AN ILLEGAL CONVICTION QUASHED.

IMPERATRIX VS. KOYA MAVJEE.

THIS was a reference to the Court of the proceedings of Mr. Bhailal Pursbotum, second-class magistrate of Godra, who, in August last, convicted the accused of the offence of cutting teak growing in Government waste land not reserved for forest purposes in Godhra taluka, under section 75 of the Forest Act 7 of 1878, and fined him ten ruppes, or in default to suffer five days' rigorous imprisonment, under rule 8 of the rules under section 76 of Act 7 of 1878. The fine had been paid. The accused had been prosecuted by a rounl guard for cutting te

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The Scale for these Advertisements is as follows: Not exceeding 2 lines, Re. 1; each succeeding line An. 8. No Trade Advertisements are admitted under this Scale.

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CELEBRATED RAMBLER CYCLES and G. J. AIR-TUBES just unpacked. NORMAN and CO., Church Gate Street; VATCHA BROS., Girgaum Road, Bombay.

AUCTION SALE of Dr. Alexander's Valuable furniture, Piano, Harmonium, etc, at Gowalia Tank Road, next to Fire Brigade, THIS DAY, at 1 p.m.

FOR SALE.—A 10-H. P. Single Cylinder Portable Engine (No. 5623), by Brown and Mayo, in thorough working order and equal to new, now lying upcountry. For Further particulars apply to "A. A.," care of this Office.

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COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

BOMBAY MARKET REPORT.

FRIDAY EVENING, OCT. 9.

A MODERATE fall of rain in an important upcountry district within the last few days has greatly improved crop prospects in those parts; but the drought still continues over a considerable area of this Presidency, and the agricultural outlook is very gloomy in the meantime. Locally, the prompt measures taken for dealing with the fever epidemic in the native business quarter of the city have had a good result; and the Wheat and Seed markets have re-opened, a material advance in prices of Linseed and Rapeseed having marked the resumption of business in the latter, while the former has been steady at previous rates, a moderate amount of export business having been reported in both markets. There has been a very limited enquiry for Cotton both from exporters and the local mills, and prices of this staple gave way somewhat in the earlier portion of the week. Exchange has been quiet, but pretty steady, rates having fluctuated to the extent of 1-32d, at which fraction they close lower than they did a week ago. Three-and-a-half per cent. Government Paper has continued to decline in a weak market, and rates are 2½ per cent. lower than they were last Friday. Throes have declined ¼ per cent. Money has been in fair request. Freights are firm at enhanced rates; but little business is doing at the rise.

MONEY.—A steady demand for Money was felt during the week covered by the Presidency Bank's Statement of Affairs issued on Monday, though the enquiry for accommodation was a good deal less local than from Calcutta. A farther diminution of 37½ lakhs in the Bank's cash Balance was shown at 188½ lakhs, compared with a decrease of 34½ lakhs in the week preceding, all the items in the Return which go to indicate the state of the trade demand having pointed to its expansion. The withdrawals from Private Deposits were 37 lakhs, and the increase in Loans and Bills Discounted 44 lakhs and 12½ lakhs, respectively, making the aggregate expansion in trade requirements 54 lakhs, compared with 26½ lakhs, as disclosed by the previous Return. Government Securities had been realised to the extent of over 11 lakhs. An addition of some 5 lakhs to Public Deposits at the Bank's head office was more than counterbalanced by withdrawals at the branches, the net result having been a decrease of 1½ lakh.

Meantime Money has been in fair request; but the Bank of Bombay minimum rate remains at 4 per cent., 3 per cent. being quoted in the open market.

EXCHANGE.—The market continued quiet but steady last mail-day at 1s. 2 3-16d. for Bank Telegraphic and Demand, and 1s. 2 5-16d. for three months' sight Credits; but very little business was reported in either direction. There was a quiet feeling in the market on Monday, with 1s. 2 3-16d. quoted for Bank Telegraphic and Demand, and 1s. 2 5-32d. for three months' sight Credits. Business was done in Bank Wire Transfer at 1s. 2 3-16d.; but later in the day 1s. 2 5-32d. was the best rate obtainable; and Merchants' Bills were placed at 1-32d. below the opening rate. Again quiet in tone on Tuesday, rates were quoted at 1s. 2 5-32d. for Telegraphic and Demand, for Bank remittance, and 1s. 2 9-32d. for three months' sight Credits, but the rate soon gave way 1-32d., and business done was on a very limited scale. On Wednesday the tone of the market was steady with 1s. 2 1-8d. quoted for Bank Telegraphic, 1s. 2 5-32d. for Demand, and 1s. 2¼d. for three months' sight Credits. Business was very dull all round, nothing of importance having been done either way. Quiet but steady at opening yesterday Bank Telegraphic and Demand were quoted at 1s. 2 1-8d., and three months' sight Credit its at 1s. 2 9-32d. Business continued on a small scale, and Merchants' Bills were weak and scarce, while Telegraphic and Demand were done at 1-32d. higher. This morning the market opened steady at 1s. 2 1-8d. for Bank Telegraphic, at 1s. 2 5-32d. for Demand, and at 1s. 2 9-32d. for three months' sight Credits. A small business was reported at these rates, and, later in the day, one Bank sold forward Wire Transfer at 1s. 2 3-16d. to some extent, the market closing steady as follows:—

Bank Bills on Demand	...	1s. 2 5-32d. per rupee.
Do.	Telegraphic	... 1s. 2 5-32d.
Do.	3 months' sight	... 1s. 2 3-16d. "
Credits	3 do.	... 1s. 2 9-32d. "
Do.	6 do.	... 1s. 2 3-8d. "
Documents	3 do.	... 1s. 2 5-16d. "
Do.	6 do.	... 1s. 2 13-32d. "
Francs	3 do.	...15½ "
Do.	6 do.	...15⅛ "

GOVERNMENT PAPER opened last mail-day, at 106 1-16 for Money and 106 for Account, at which it remained all day in a quiet market for 3½ per Cents, and closed on the same level; Three per Cents were quoted at 102. Weak and declining in tone on Monday rater opened at 106 1-16 for Cash, and 106 15-16 for the next Settlement, for 3½ per Cents, from which they fell off to 105 5-8 and 105½ in the two positions, respectively, having closed, however, at a recovery of 1-16 per cent. Threes were unchanged at 102, Rates continued their downward course the following day, 3½ per Cents having been quoted at 105 5-16 for Money, and 105 3-16 for Account, and a decline took place therefrom to 104 15-16 and 104¾, respectively, but at the close prices were 1-16 per cent. better; 102½ was the quotation for Threes. A further decline was established on Wednesday; 3½ per Cents which receded to 104 13-16 for Money, and 104 11-16 for Account, at which the market was steady for a time when rates recovered 1-8 per cent. and left off thee at; Threes stood at the at 102 Yesterday there was a weak tone in the market with 104¼ quoted for 3½ per Cents for Cash, and 104⅝ for this months Settlement, rates having remained on this level till near the close when they gained 1-16 per cent., at which advance they left off; Threes declined to 101¼. To-day the market opened at 104 7-16 for 3½ per Cents for Cash, and 104 5-16 for the Account; and the feeling being again weak and declining rates receded to 104 1-8 and 104 in the two positions, respectively, at which they closed. Threes left off at 101¼.

Five per cent. Municipal Loan is ¼ per cent. lower at 133¼. Port Trust Bonds are unchanged at 113¼.

SHARES.—There has been a pretty general decline in prices of Cotton Mill Scrip during the past week owing to the gloomy agricultural prospects in view of the drought which has prevailed over a large portion of this Presidency threatening the growing crops, although the feeling of anxiety has been partly relieved by a moderate fall of rain latterly in the Berars as against our quotations of last Friday evening, we note an advance of Rs. 150, in Manockjee Petit; of Rs. 50 each, in Bombay Cotton, Imperial Cotton, Khandeish, Lord Reay, and Presidency; of Rs. 40, in Soondercas; of Rs. 30 each, in Alliance, Empress, and Sassoon; of Rs. 25 each, in Hyderabad, and New Great Eastern; of Rs. 20 each, in Central India, Connaught, Howard and Bullough, Sassoon and Alliance, Jevraj Balloo and Southern India; of Rs. 15 each, in Framjee Petit, James Greaves, and Oriental; of Rs. 10 each, in Currimbhoy, Leopold, Lukhmidas, Swadeshi, Mahaluxmee, Southern Mahratta, and Western India; of Rs. 5 in Queen; and of Rs. 2½, in Mazagaon and an advance of Rs. 10 each, in China, Coorla, and Sun; and of Rs. 5 each, in Colaba Land and Mills and David. In Presses Colaba, are Rs. 25 lower; New Berar, Rs. 20; Bombay Cotton, Rs. 5; and Mofussil and New Indian, Rs. 2½ each; while Sind, are Rs. 50 higher. In Miscellaneous Bombay Flour, have declined Rs. 25; and Alcock Ashdown, and Delhi and Northern India Flour, Rs. 15 each; while on the other hand Bombay-Burmah Trading, have advanced Rs. 25 in the first issue; and Badham Pile, and Bombay Ice, Rs. 5 each. Bank of Bombay shares are Rs. 2½ lower.

METALS.—A decline of 8 annas per cwt. has taken place in the price of *Copper*; but *Yellow Metal* is unchanged in value, both markets having been steady in tone, with a moderate demand prevailing. *Iron* has also been in moderate request and is steady at previous rates.

COAL.—A large line has again been done this week in *Singareni* with several well-known Mills, and the Broach and Ahmedabad Mill Agents have also bought consignments. *Singareni* Coal has become most popular; it is absolutely free from "clinker," and gives a thin light smoke. *Seebpore Bengal* is selling at Rs. 12½ per ton; and *Great Eastern Bengal*, at Rs. 11¼ per ton; ready lots of *Japan* are selling from Rs. 13 to Rs. 13 1-8 per ton. We quote alongside:—

Welsh Hartley	...	*nil.*
West "	...	"
Australian ...	...	"
Powell's Duffryn	...	Rs. 24 per ton.
Cardiff ...	...	... " 23½ "
Japan...	...	... " 13 "
Singareni	...	... " 12-14 " Rs. 13 on Ry. wagons.

EXPORTS.

COTTON has been in but slight request this week both by exporters and local consumers, the tone of the market having been quiet, when not actually dull, while prices gave way Re. 1 to Rs. 3 per candy in the earlier part of the week. The purchases for shippers' account have aggregated some 3,500 bales, consisting of Oomrawuttee and Dhollera-Bhownuggur descriptions, and Bengal; while the Mills have taken about the same quantity of the same growths from old stock. This evening the market closed steady, a moderate business having been reported and prices showing no further change.

The telegraphic official weather and crop reports received on Monday advised a continuance of the drought in all the Cotton-growing districts with the exception of Hubli, in the Dharwar circle, where 1¼ inch had been registered since the date of the last telegrams. In parts of the Bengal circle the Cotton plants had been seriously damaged by drought; and though in the districts of the Oomrawuttee and Dhollera circle the crop was reported as flourishing, a further fall of rain was anxiously looked for. The Broach crop continued to flourish in seasonable weather.

Yesterday's weather and crop reports by wire advised a welcome fall of rain in the Barsi district of the Oomrawuttee circle, of over 1½ inch, the fall having been general over the district, and Cotton prospects much improved thereby. At Hubli also, in the Dharwar circle, nearly 2 inches more had been registered; but the fall has now been sufficient in this district. At Bellary over an inch had fallen since the date of the last report, the rain having been general and the crop improved. In other parts of the Cotton area the drought had continued; but the plants were flowrishing at Broach and portions of the Dhollera circle, and were forward in the Bengal and Oomra circles, picking having commenced at Dhulia in the latter.

The following are to-day's quotations for fullpressed Cotton with the equivalents in sterling, cost, and freight to Liverpool, via Canal, without Commission, viz.:—

Cotton—	Per candy.	Per lb. C. & F.
Bengal, Fine	Rs. 180—3 7-32d.	
Do. Fully Good	" 168—3 1-32d.	
Do. Good	" 157—2 13-16d.	
Belatee, Fine	" 190—3 13-32d.	
Do. Fully Good	" 182—3 4d.	
Khandesh, Fully Good	" 130—3 7-32d.	
Oomra, Fully Good	" 192—3 7-16d.	
Dhollera, Fine	" 203—3 5-8d.	
Do. Fully Good	" 195—3 1d.	
Do. Good	" 185—3 5-16d.	
S G Dharwar, Good	" 200—3 9-16d.	
Westerns	" 168—3 2d.	
Broach, Fine	" 217—3 7-8d.	
Do. Good	" 209—3 23-32d.	

The movements of Cotton to date show the following comparison with the previous two years:—

Receipts.	1896. Bales.	1895. Bales.	1894. Bales.
For the week	5,582	9,267	1,227
From 1st Jan. to 8th October	1,875,435	1,443,154	1,537,734
Clearances to Great Britain and Continent.			
For the week	6,161	2,639	.....
From 1st Jan. to 8th October	695,918	510,311	774,502
Clearances to Calcutta, China, Japan, &c.			
For the week	3,317	325	1,536
From 1st Jan. to 8th October	303,979	134,437	145,369

WHEAT.—At the close of last week this market was firm at previous rates, with a moderate business reported for shipper's account, after which it was closed for several days on account of the fever epidemic still prevailing in the neighbourhood; but on Wednesday, some amelioration of the prevailing sickness having meantime taken place, business reopened with a steady feeling, the price of *Yellow* being quoted one anna per cwt. higher, but other rates unchanged, our quotations being as follows:—

White Pessy, 91 per cent.	5 8 0	per cwt.
Do. 85 "	5 7 0	"
No. 1 Club Delhi "	5 7 0	"
Red Delhi	5 4 6	"
Hard Yellow	5 5 0	"
Red Ahmedabad	5 0 0	"
Hard Red	4 9 0	"

SEEDS.—This market also was closed during the earlier portion of the week from the same cause as the Wheat market, but re-opened with a firm feeling, and at an advance in prices of 2 to 5 annas per cwt. in *Linseed* and *Rapeseed*, and with more business reported for export, the firmness having since continued, but without further change in rates. We quote at closing this evening:—

Linseed	Rs. 7 0 0 to Rs. 7 2 0	per cwt.
Rapeseed Yellow Guzerat	" 8 4 0 .. " 8 8 0	"
Do. do. Cawnpore	" 8 2 0 .. " 8 8 0	"
Do. Red do.	" 7 12 0 .. " 7 14 0	"
Gingelly, White	" 42 8 0 .. " 43 8 0	per candy.
Do. Mixed	" 40 0 0 .. " 41 2 0	"

The Comparative Imports of Wheat and Seeds are as follows:—

	Cwts.	Cwts.	Cwts.
Wheat for the week	59,389	30,074	61,074
Do. from 1st Jan. to 8th October	3,436,888	4,261,957	2,997,395
Linseed for the week	20,703	7,852	13,935
Do. from 1st Jan. to 8th October	3,276,312	2,587,679	5,117,619
Rapeseed for the week	43,870	2,824	6,276
Do. from 1st Jan. to 8th October	1,091,251	1,995,839	3,307,088
Gingellyseed for the week	13,036	19,245	12,038
Do. from 1st Jan. to 8th October	848,002	775,371	777,337

The clearances of Wheat and Seeds to Great Britain and Continent are as follows:—

	1896. Cwts.	1895. Cwts.	1894. Cwts.
Wheat for the week	.....	41,445	.....
Do. from 1st Jan. to 8th October	1,409,822	2,388,763	1,531,976
Linseed for the week	.....	20,083	999
Do. from 1st Jan. to 8th October	2,949,226	2,360,197	5,070,375
Rapeseed for the week	14,016	.....	6,003
Do. from 1st Jan. to 8th October	1,139,016	1,688,993	3,077,426
Gingellyseed for the week	.....	1,298	.....
Do. from 1st Jan. to 8th October	1,003,499	1,038,690	891,499

DIVINE SERVICE.

NINETEENTH SUNDAY AFTER TRINITY, OCTOBER 11.

SAINT THOMAS' CATHEDRAL.

7-30 a.m.—Matins.
8 a.m.—Holy Communion—Choral—Garrett in F.—Hymn 317, 322 and 520.
4-45 p.m.—Sunday School.
6 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon—Hymns 274, 326 and 303. Magnificat and Nunc Dimittis—Hoyte in B flat. Daily Matins at 6-45 a.m, and Evensong at 5 p.m. Tuesday Thursday and Friday.—Holy Communion at 7-15 a.m.

ALL SAINTS' CHURCH, MALABAR HILL.

8 a.m.—Matins and Holy Communion.
6 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon.

ST. JOHN THE EVANGELIST.

(Afghan Memorial Church, Colaba.)

8 a.m.—Holy Communion.
11 a.m.—Parade Service.—Hymns 7, 165 and 305.
5 p.m.—Children's Service.
6 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon.—Hymns 38, 531 and 431.

HOLY TRINITY CHURCH, ESPLANADE.

(Near School of Art.)

Incumbent.—Rev. C. Gilder.
8 a.m.—Celebration of the Holy Communion and Sermon.—Hymns 200, 182 and 197.
6 p.m.—Evening Prayer and Sermon.—Hymns 254, 220, and 198.
The offertories for church expenses and poor relief.
F. S.—Special Prayers for rain, and for "averting" the "threatened" Plague.

MISSION CHURCH, GIRGAUM.

7 a.m.—Holy Communion.
11 a.m.—Morning Prayer, Litany and Sermon by Rev. A. H. Bowman.—Hymns 512, 36 and 171.
6 p.m.—Evening Prayer and Sermon by Rev. T. Davis.—Hymns 33, 328 and 157.

ST. PETER'S CHURCH, MAZAGON.

6 a.m.—Holy Eucharist.
7 a.m.—Holy Eucharist (Choral) with Sermon by the Rev. Father Biscoe.
10 a.m.—Children's Service.
6 p.m.—Evensong (Choral) and Sermon by the Rev. Father Kershaw.
Alms for the poor.

BOMBAY BAPTIST CHURCH.

(Opposite Byculla Club.)

8 a.m. and 8 p.m.—Pastor H. E. Barrell will preach.
4-30 p.m.—Afternoon School.
Wednesday, October 14.
6 p.m.—Prayer Meeting.
Friday, October 16.
6 p.m.—Pastor's Bible Class.
Seats free. A cordial invitation to all.

WESLEYAN MANSE CHURCH.

(Colaba Causeway.)

11 a.m. and 6 p.m.—Rev. G. C. Walker.
4-15 p.m.—Sunday School.
Byculla (Victoria Gardens.)
9-30 a.m. and 6 p.m.—Mr. A. Brown.
4-30 p.m.—Sunday School.
Marathi Service.
10-30 a.m. and 4-30 p.m.—Rev. S. Rahator.

ST. MARY'S CHURCH, PAREL.

(Madras Time.)

7-45 a.m.—Holy Communion.
8-30 a.m.—Morning Prayer.—Hymns 207 and 273.
9-30 p.m.—Sunday School.
6-30 p.m.—Evening Prayer and Sermon.—Hymns 197, 179 and 235.

CHURCH OF SCOTLAND.

9 a.m.—B. B. and C. I. Railway Institute, Parel.
6 p.m.—St. Andrews Church, Fort.
Evening Service—Ps. 93, tune 148; Hy. 11, 2nd tune; Par. 63 tune, 136; Hys. 121 and 222, 3rd tune.

To-day (Saturday) at 6-30 p.m. at the Chapel of St. Francis of Assis, Dadar, there will be the blessing of the new altar and statue of Immaculate Conception the former is the gift of Mr. L. F. D'Souza of Prince's Dock and the latter of Mrs. Catharina Rodigals of Dadar. The following day (Sunday) will be Celebrated the titular feast of this Chapel. There will be a Low Mass at 6-30 a.m. and High Mass with English Sermon (by one of the Fathers of St. Xaver's College) at 8-30 a.m.

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE
OVERLAND SUMMARY.
(Compiled for despatch by the Weekly Mail to Europe.)

TELEGRAMS.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

THE CRISIS AT ZANZIBAR.

LONDON, OCT. 9.

Reuter's Agency is informed that the cruiser Gibraltar has been detached from the Mediterranean Squadron for service at Zanzibar.

It is understood that the Naval reinforcements for Zanzibar are connected with Said Khalid's flight.

THE ZANZIBAR AFFAIR REGARDED AS SERIOUS.

HOSTILE ATTITUDE OF GERMANY.

It is understood that the position in regard to the Zanzibar affair is regarded as serious owing to the hostile attitude assumed by Germany in the matter.

FURTHER ORDERS FOR BRITISH CRUISERS.

The Right Hon. G. J. Goschen, First Lord of the Admiralty, has given orders for four new cruisers of eleven thousand tons each.

THE NEW LIBERAL LEADER.

Sir W. V. Harcourt is generally designated as the successor to Lord Rosebery as leader of the Liberal Party.

FRANCO-RUSSIAN ALLIANCE.

The Russian Press state that the toasts at the Elysée amount to the confirmation of a definite alliance between France and Russia for their mutual security and the protection of the peace of Europe.

RETURN OF SIRDAR KITCHENER TO CAIRO.

The Sirdar Kitchener and his chief officers have returned to Cairo.

DEATH OF GENERAL TROCHU.

The death is announced of the French General Trochu.

DEPARTURE OF MR. BHOWNUGGREE FOR INDIA.

Mr. Bhownuggree has sailed for India to study the questions likely to arise during the ensuing Session of Parliament.

THE VISIT OF THE TSAR TO VERSAILLES.

ITS PURIFYING EFFECT.

PARIS, OCT. 9.

The French Press attach the greatest importance to the visit of the Tsar and Tsarina to Versailles as emblematic of purifying it from the pollution attaching to the place after the Proclamation of the German Empire there.

THE MAILS.

SUEZ, OCT. 9.

The P. and O. Co.'s steamer Ballarat, with the outward mails of the 2nd instant, left here, at midnight, to-day, for Aden.

LONDON, OCT. 8.

The Bombay mails of the 26th ultimo arrived at Brindisi, to-day.

BUBONIC FEVER IN AHMEDABAD.

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.)

AHMEDABAD, OCT. 9.

Only one suspected case of the bubonic fever has occurred here, and it is under the treatment of Dr. Chhabildas, of Ranchodlal Dispensary. It is that of the compounder who attended persons affected with the fever.

THE SCARE IN CALCUTTA.

A CASE OF DOUBTFUL "PLAGUE."

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, OCT. 9

The "Daily News," this morning, reports a suspicious case of illness from Howrah. That it is plague has not yet been established beyond a doubt, and considering the number of false alarms, great caution is necessary.

The person attacked is a man of mixed blood, who arrived a few days ago from Bombay. The Health Officer was engaged with the case until the small hours of this morning, and until his report appears, it would be premature to express an absolute opinion.

Microscopic examination, however, it is said, has brought to light in the blood a microbe which is not the plague bacillus, but bears very striking resemblance to it. The case is progressing favourably and the man is likely to recover.

LATER.

The suspicious case reported this morning turns out, on further investigation, to be undoubtedly of the bubonic plague. The patient is a young Goanese, who arrived from Bombay on the 26th September. The case was reported yesterday to the Health Officer, who at once visited the man, and held a consultation.

To-day Dr. Simpson discovered the plague bacillus in the blood of the patient.

The Health Officer refuses to allow him to be brought to Calcutta, so he is being treated in a private house at Howrah.

GAZETTE OF INDIA NOTIFICATIONS.

SIMLA, OCT. 9.

Mr. Harvey James, Secretary, Legislative Department, has sent in his resignation of the Civil Service from next month. Mr. Weatherson, Deputy Secretary, who succeeds to the Secretaryship, returns from furlough from Europe early next month.

Mr. J. R. Maconochie resigns the Civil Service.

Captain Boileau, Commandant of Police, Port Blair, has been granted three and a-half months' privilege leave. Lieutenant Argles, 5th Bengal Infantry, officiates.

Captain Graham, 14th Madras Infantry, has been confirmed as Garrison Quarter-master, Madras.

Lieutenant E. Wood is appointed Adjutant; and Lieutenant C. Renton, Quarter-master, Hyderabad Contingent.

Surgeon-Colonel Hughes officiates as Principal Medical Officer, Bombay Command, vice Charchill-Brigade-Surgeon-Lieutenant-Colonel Eaton is Acting for Hughes.

Lieutenant Head, Royal Artillery, is confirmed as 4th Class Ordnance Officer.

Lieutenant Strong, 36th Sikhs, is admitted to the Staff Corps.

Captain Charles Edwards, Staff Corps, is promoted to be Major for services in Central Africa.

Captains Joseph Balfour and Algernon Wilmer, Staff Corps, are promoted to be Major.

Colonel James Walker, Madras Cavalry, is admitted to Colonel's allowances.

Colonels John Cameron, Thomas Scott, and George Abbott, Indian Staff Corps, have been transferred to the Unemployed Supernumerary List.

Dr. Lingard, Professor, Bacteriology, has been granted three months' privilege leave.

Captain Minchin, Assistant British Agent, Gilgit, is granted one year's furlough. Lieutenant R. Kannion, acts.

Captain A. J. Bruce, Staff Corps, has been appromoted Political Assistant, and posted as Assistant to the Agent-Governor-General, Rajputana.

Mr. Carnell, Burma State Railway, has been promoted.

Mr. B. Chirnside, Executive Engineer, State Railways; and Mr. H. M. Jackson, Executive Engineer, Bengal, have been permitted to retire.

GARRISON FOR KOHAT.

The Government of India have sanctioned a Native Infantry garrison for Kohat of four Battalions —three Battalions for Kohat, and the fourth furnishing garrisons for posts on the Samana at Thal and in the Kurram. One Battalion is to be withdrawn from Abbottabad.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

COLOMBO, OCT. 8.

The P. and O. Company's steamer Oceana left here at 8 p.m., to-day, for Aden.

The P. and O. Company's steamer Kaiser-I-Hind left here at 2-30 p.m., to-day, for Bombay, and is expected to arrive in Bombay, at 2 p.m., on Sunday next.

The German East Africa Line steamer Safari, arrived at Zanzibar from Bombay, on the 8th instant, via Lamu and Mombassa.

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL NEWS.

LONDON, OCT. 8.

The Liverpool Cotton market closed quiet. Surats easier.

Good Dholleras 3 22-32

The Manchester market has been quiet but steady.

2½ per cent. Consols 109 5-8

3 per cent. Rentes 101½

3½ per cent. Sterling Loan 116½

3½ per cent. Rupee Paper 91 1-8

Bar Silver 30

The sum of about £250,000 has been withdrawn from the Bank of England.

The Bank of England returns for the week ending yesterday, show the following results:—Total Bullion, £30,500,000; Decrease, £9,000,000; Public Deposits, £6,800,000; Decrease, £6,000,000; Other Deposits £48,600,000; Increase, £2,000,000; Other Securities, £28,100,000; Decrease, £1,900,000; Notes and Gold, £28,100,000; Decrease, £1,100,000. The Bank's Reserve is 51 per cent. of the Liabilities.

BOMBAY COMMAND ORDERS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, OCT. 9.

The Lieutenant-General Commanding the Forces is pleased to make the following appointments:—

Station Staff—Lieutenant Sartorius, Wing Officer, 19th Bombay Infantry, to be Station Staff Officer, 3rd Class, at Kirkee, with effect from the 29th September 1896, vice Captain Battiscombe who vacated on proceeding on leave, out of India, on medical certificate.

5th Bombay Cavalry—Surgeon-Lieutenant Bakhle, Indian Medical Service, to the officiating Medical Charge, vice Surgeon-Captain Sprague, Indian Medical Service, transferred to the Civil Department.

Bombay Sappers and Miners—Lieutenant Watkin, R.E., Company Commander, to be Adjutant, vice Lieutenant Fair, R.E., who vacates the Adjutancy, on completion of his tenure, dated 16th October 1896.

Lieutenant Fair to be Company Commander, vice Lieutenant Walker, dated 16th October 1896.

9th Bombay Infantry—Surgeon-Lieutenant Johnston, Indian Medical Service, is transferred from the Quetta District to the officiating Medical Charge, vice Surgeon-Major Willis, Indian Medical Service, on leave, to England.

The following correction and addition are made to the Bombay Command Order, No. 493, of 1896, detailing Royal Artillery practice camps in the ensuing cold season camp for Hinjouri:—For Lieutenant Nixon, R.A., read "Captain Wilson, R.A.," and *add* to para. 8, "coloured warrants referred to in Bombay Army Order, No. 304, or 1894, should be utilized for his purpose, and only issued at the Head-quarter station of districts."

Deputy Adjutant-General, Bombay Command, Circular, Memo. No. 3286, dated 23rd September, 1896, should be amended accordingly: Captain McWhinnie, 2nd Bttn Royal Irish Rifles, is attached to Bombay District Staff Office for temporary duty.

Military Works Department.—Major Day, Royal Engineers, on arrival in India, is posted to the office of Chief Engineer, Bombay Command, Military Works.

Indian Medical Service.—Surgeon-Lieutenant Smith, on arrival from England, is posted to Poona District, on general duty.

Under instructions received from the War Office, it is notified that Captain Duffus, No. 2 Company, Southern Division, has been transferred to 32nd Field Battery, Royal Artillery.

With reference to a Bombay Command Order, it is notified that Captain Bode, 2nd Battalion, Middlesex Regiment, has been detailed for duty at the Regimental Depot, in place of Captain Nelson.

The undermentioned officer is granted leave to proceed out of India, on private affairs, under the leave rules for the Staff Corps:—Major Montieth, Staff Corps, 2nd Squadron Commander, 7th Bombay Lancers, from the date of being struck off duty to the 8th August 1896 (Pension Service 24th year commenced 9th August 1896).

The undermentioned have leave of absence:—

Lancashire Fusiliers—2nd Battalion—Lieut. and Acting Paymaster Farmar, 6 months, on medical certificate, out of India.

Border Regiment, 2nd Battalion—Captain Caulfield, 4 months, on private affairs, out of India.

Extensions—7th Bombay Lancers—Captain Roome, 6 months, on private affairs; 3rd Bombay Infantry—Captain Southey, 3 months, on medical certificate.

Indian Medical Service—Surgeon-Major Jervis, 7th Bombay Infantry, 6 months, on medical certificate.

SIRDAR NOWSHERWAN PARSEE GIRLS' SCHOOL.

PRIZE-DISTRIBUTION BY THE GOVERNOR.

His Excellency Lord Sandhurst distributed prizes to the Sirdar Nowsherwan Parsee Girls' School, in the Alfred Theatre, this evening. A very large and fashionable gathering of spectators had assembled, amongst whom were the Hon'ble Messrs. Nugent, Birdwood, Kirkham, Colonel Newnham-Smith, Sir Jamsetjee, Sirdar Baba Meharaj, the Hon. Messrs. Tilak and Ranchodlal Chotalal, Mr. Plunkett, and several others. After a lenthy programme was gone through and the report being read.

His Excellency Lord Sandhurst said he had been asked to say a few words. He would begin by saying that it had given him a great pleasure to come amongst them. This school was founded as a memorial to one who had passed away, and he could truly say that no more useful memorial than this school could well be imagined greater than states, paintings or fountains. This school was founded and managed by the Parsee community entirely. His Excellency heartily wished he could see such girls' schools springing up amongst the various communities in the Presidency. He noticed among others the name of Sir Dinshaw Petit, whose name was not only known in Poona and Bombay, but also elsewhere, and whose generosity not only extended to his community, but also to the public. In conclusion, he wished well to all female education in India, and to that school in particular.

Sir Jamsetjee then proposed a vote of thanks to his Excellency for his presence and the interest he took in education.

THE JAINS AND PALITANA.

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT.)

LANOWLI, OCT. 9.

A grand meeting, consisting of 325 from here, Wadhwan, Khandalia, Aubegaon, and Karli was held here, yesterday, in the Jain temple, under the presidency of Jaichandbhai Bechardas. All expressed regret at the present action of the Palitana Thakore and his officers. It was unanimously resolved to request Seth Anandji Kalliaji and others at Bombay, to take such immediate steps as they deem fit through the Government.

BOMBAY GYMKHANA HOCKEY TOURNAMENT.

RANGERS *VS.* ROVERS.

Play will commence at 4-45 p.m. punctually. The following will represent the Rovers:—F. Hogan, C. Jemman, H. Hines, C. Brown, G. Jones, A. Sharp, W. J. Church, A. Brown, G. D. Lys, J. Downing, and H. O. Coates.

PASSENGERS BY THE HOMEWARD MAIL.

The P. and O. S. N. Co.'s s. s. Ganges, Captain T. F. Creery, will sail, to-day, for London, Brindisi, &c., with the English mails, and the following passengers:—

FOR LONDON.

Bird, Mr F W
Bird, Mr G G
Bell, Mr H W
Basketh, Mr
Hay, Rev R Wright
Monkhouse, Mr E W
Procs, Mr E M
Simpson, Mr W S

FOR BRINDISI.

Bayley, Mr C S
Davis, Mr J E
Ewin, Mr R
Hopkins, Rev Pether
Hynd, Mr D
Kerrick, Capt and Mrs
Nicholson, Brigr-Genl
Parapjee, Mr R V
Paul Brother
Umedram, Mr T M

FOR MARSEILLES.

Asworth, Mr F
Balcher, Mr
Coulthard, Rev H R

FOR PORTSAID—Klinsele, Mr A

FOR ADEN—Mr Byrne, H M D

The following passages have been engaged:—

Per s s Carthage, 17th October, 1896.

For London—Major Paley; Major H S Lye; Mr and Mrs Kent; Mr C Warren Jones; Mr and Mrs A F Ellis and child; Mr H F Matthews; Mrs J C Gloster; Miss Fox; Mrs Forrest and two Misses Forrest; Dr Morris, child and infant; Mrs Eyder, child, and infant; Mrs Laming; Mr Foot; Mr and Mrs J A Yates; and Mrs Welshman's 2 children.

For Brindisi—Miss Bramwell; Mr and Mrs C J Mayo; Miss Hooper; Surg-Col Carmichael; Mr C Borett; and Dr O Lingard.

Per s s Thames, 24th October, 1896.

For London—Mrs A H Giles.
For Brindisi—Capt W Bailey.

Per s s India, 31st October, 1896.

For Marseilles—Mr E E Steel; Lieut C Barnett; Mr G Winmill; Miss A W Lory; Mrs Farquharson; Mr and Mrs Clark and child; Mr F A Pawley; Mr Oliver; Mr and Mrs E S Mackintosh, and two Misses Mackintosh; Mr G Robertson; Mr H M Collinson; Lieut-Col E G Barrow; Mrs Barrow and child; Mrs J Nugent; Mrs G L Chambers; Mrs Shenard and son; Surgt-Capt A C Younan; Mr F F Elives; Lieut-Col G Eliot; Miss Oxley; Mr E C Partlidge; Capt E T Gaskell; and Capt F J Molsberry.

For Brindisi—Capt and Mrs J B Edwards; and Mr Beddy.

For London—Capt and Mrs Fagan; Miss bowen; Mr C H Hill; Mrs F H Lehman and infant; Miss Curtis; Surg-Lt-Col J McGregor; Miss Hotham; Miss Evans; Master Bolswell; Mrs P White and 2 daughters; Mr and Mrs E W Dixon and child; Mrs Ratigan and child, and Captain Carpendaic.

Per s s Caledonia, 14th November, 1896.

For Brindisi—Lieut A Forbes.; Miss Chadwicke; Mr and Mrs G J Joseph; two Misses Joseph; Mrs Wansbrare and child; Mr W Mackenzie; Major and Mrs W H Lewin, child and infant; Col; and Mrs Muir; Lieut A L Palmer; Mr and Mrs C Johnston; Miss Johnston, child and nurse; and Rev Alexander Souter.

For London—Mrs Stanber and three children; Mrs W H Maynard and infant; two Misses Miller; Mr E R Ross; Mrs Woodburn; Mr and Mrs C T Evans; Mrs Carmichael; Rev H Cowley; Mrs W G Wood; Mrs Mellor; Mr C Fiton; and Mr F W Emery.

Per s s Peninsular, 28th November, 1896.

For London—Mrs Jennings; Miss Beauchamps; and Mrs W P Wharburton

Per s s Ganges, 5th December, 1896.

For Brindisi—Lieut-Col F C Maisey and Rev W B Collies

Per s s Oriental, 23th December, 1896.

For London—Mrs H B Thorahill and 2 sons.

THE R. I. M. MINTO.

The Royal Indian Marine steamer Minto, Commander G. Baugh, will sail, to-day, for Aden with the following details, 4 officers, 6 men rank and file Europeans, 4 Native officers, 47 men rank and file, 20 followers, 18 women, and 23 children. The following is the list of officers:—Captain D. Radcliffe, 1st Bl Welsh Fus.; Surgeon-Major R. F. Adams, A. M. Staff, Surg.-Captain H. C. French, A. M. Staff; Lieut. B. F. B. Stuart, 1st Worcester Regt.

NOTES FROM LONDON.

(FROM OUR LADY CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, SEPT. 18.

There seems some doubt yet as to what fashions will prevail this autumn. The shops exhibit a miscellaneous stock of goods that equally suggest the climates of Spitzbergen and the Sahara. On one side tropical flower hats and frivolous little fichus; on the other fur mantles and arctic rugs and wrappings. The variable unsettled weather is accountable for much of the uncertainty of the commercial mind. The wise tradesman does not wish to commit himself to any expression of opinion, especially in anticipating winter, which would mean if there came one of our lovely Indian summers after the light materials were laid aside, that people would pull along somehow in their early season's clothes; whereas by prolonging the show of hot weather goods, the optimistic customer may be persuaded when there comes a pet day or two of sunshine that summer is not half over, and that a new supply of light costumes is essential.

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Glimpses into the stock of winter goods ready to be produced when all hope of hot weather is over reveal that materials will be very decorative. The newest patterns for gowns are silk damask on a dark woollen canvas ground. The prevailing tints of the silk, which is softly woven in rich shapes, are pinkish mauve, cool cornflower blue, viridian green and bronze brown. Other materials are made in the same colours, but with a quiet dispersing or powdering of the coloured silk on the canvas ground. Still another material resembling crepon, but infinitely more rugged, is made in various rich harmonious tones—dark, plum, steel, blue and myrtle green. Very slight women might wear it with impunity. It would be a good deal to the waist measure of a robustly built woman, so it will be worn with discretion even though Parisian modistes have decided that the '*medicis*' waist—twenty-six inches—will be allowed this season.

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Every autumn, presumably because the Court goes to Scotland, there is a revival of plaids. This year the quiet green and blue Stuart and Gordon plaids are being brought out. But the plaid is always a difficulty in the bodice. Dressmakers do not encourage its use. It is so hard to place correctly and so apt to make unbecoming lines. In fact, Scottish patriotism is best displayed in scarves and rugs which allow scope for the richest blend of colours and the vastest schemes of interwoven rectangles. Plaid is very pretty sometimes in children's suits. It makes up well in little girls' smocks with yokes and cuffs of dark contrasting velvet. Nothing is more becoming either to a well-built little boy than a tartan kilt and cap with black cloth or velvet jacket.

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The undulating lines of wired ribbon that have been so much worn on summer hats, are still a feature of the new millinery. But they are edged with narrow velvet to give them consistency and that reasonable effect that is thought essential. The crowns of the newest hats decrease, instead of increasing as they did, upwards. The slopes are trimmed with bands or rolls of narrow velvet. Two or three bands of narrow velvet trim the leaf also. Sometimes the top of the crown is covered with interlaced black velvet. This is very effective on the white or pale grey felt hats which are now so popular. A little girl's hat made in two shades of blue had the top of the crown made in this manner of closely interwoven light and dark-blue satin ribbon, making squares exactly like a chess board. Round the crown was a *chevaux de frise* of quilled blue ribbon in both shades. Loops of ribbon stood up aggressively at one side, the other having a mixed rosette. At the back under the leaf there were two more rosettes. It was striking and stylish, though there are prettier blends of colour than light and dark-blue.

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The millinery of the moment with its harsh contrast of black and white, its severe line of sharp-edged ribbon, its defiant stuck-up little crown, its jetty daggers and buckles and its plumes set haughtily erect, is decidedly more stylish and even more generally becoming than when the trimmings were piled on more lavishly and with less intention. The character of the hat of to-day might be summed up in the words of Danton: "de l'audace, encore de l'audace, toujours de l'audace." The demure English face with its soft frame of wavy frizzettes is improved by the perky audacity that would make a Frenchwoman or an American look fast and questionable.

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Another style of hat with Tam O'Shanter crowns drawn in by a band of velvet on a steel buckle to a felt brim, suits faces that require a soft style of headgear. Instead of ostrich feathers some of these have wings and stiffly curled plumes as well as tufts of ribbon velvet. Regardless of the preaching of the Wild Birds' Protection Society, small sea birds or portions of gulls are to be seen in every milliner's window. There is a great want of imagination in people who try to add to their fascinations by decking themselves with these small dead things. If American Indian squaws trimmed their hats with scalps it would make us shudder. There is more method and preparation in our efforts at decoration—that is all. We are just as savage.

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Furs of all kinds are being prepared for the winter. Sable boas will be worn minus their little heads. It is not declared if it is sympathy that prevents the wearing of the sable heads. As three tails are to be substituted for the head, there will be no saving in sables. In any case there is not the same objection to the slaughter of beasts for clothing or food as for pure decoration, though it is hard to convince milliners of the difference. The collars of the sable boas are lined. For this purpose the softer furs are preferable. Chinchilla, the most fragile of furs, is likely to be most used. On box cloth capes the lining of the high collar is usually beaver. A soft French grey cape braided with sprays is lined with soft fluffy grey fur of the same tint. Some black velvet capes have flouncings of sable. This is rather too fussy looking round the arms apart from its ruinous price to be generally worn.

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The new skirts will be narrower, report says, but at present five yards is the average circumference at the base. The top is fitted accurately to the figure and the fulness is drawn into the middle of the back. The undulations which the shaping of the gores give are kept in place by elastic. Lining throughout is essential, and extra stiffness is given by a casing of horse hair. The most carefully finished gowns have the entire back lined with horsehair and an elaborate system of elastic bands to regulate the flutings of the gores. Various trimmings are fashionable; sometimes the skirt is edged with fur. Other skirts have a band of embroidery about nine inches from the bottom. Another diversion in trimming is made by opening the gores about eighteen inches up lining them with silk and turning them back with one or three large pearl buttons to simulate an underskirt with revers. This looks well on a plain material, the same style of decoration being carried out on the bodice with smaller buttons.

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Rich crimson material with white cloth revers and cuffs is very much in favour in Paris for autumnal costumes. The vest is made of fancy embroidery, and is rather wider in make than usual, the jacket being correspondingly cut away or turned back. The shaped belt is as much used as ever. It is a difficult style to manage successfully as the deep belt is almost a bodice and requires rather more careful fitting to keep it perfectly smooth. The zouave bodice with short square fronts very often accompanies the high belt becomingly. It is made of rich brocade or embroidery and has a high collar matching the high waist belt and a jabot of lace.

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The shapely sleeves that are taking the place of the popular leg-of-mutton shape look specially nice with a zouave bodice. In this case the puff at the top is made of the same material or embroidery as the zouave, the tight fitting under sleeve being of the same stuff as the rest of the costume. Fur is very becomingly introduced round the throat and cuffs of the new costumes. Some sleeves end in a point which covers the palm and the back of the hand and has a narrow edge of fur. Those who suffer from cold wrists in winter will find this fashion delightful.

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Lady cyclists who wish to keep their skirts from being blown about will welcome a novelty in the shape of an elastic strap with nickel clasps at both ends, one of which is attached to the skirt, the other to the knicker band below the knee. They are said not to interfere with pedalling, and too fragile to be dangerous in case of a spill, when a good many of the dodges adopted by ladies who are too modest to acknowledge to ankles are unsafe. It seems a pity that false sentiment should make women imperil their lives. Given neat knickers, and gaiters if necessary in bad weather, there is absolutely no reason for anyone to take exception. But those who fear the flapping of their skirts have now their remedy in the cycle clasps which are sold by all respectable drapers.

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A more questionable novelty is a false fringe which defies all weathers and is quite invisible, a fine elastic keeping it in place. No matter how warm the rider may become, the fringe keeps its curl, and even without a hat is said to be impossible to detect. Women are so sensitive to the unbeautiful effect of a straight fringe that these novelities are being sold as fast as they are turned out. Among other luxuries for cylists are smart gloves of white taffeta and silk open work with white kid palms. Pretty white shoes are also made specially for cyling, but only ladies with specially well-shaped feet—and these are few in England—would venture to wear them.

TABLE TALK.

[BY WALTER BESANT.]

LONDON, SEPT. 18.

I hear—one does not get all the papers in a Yorkshire farmhouse—that already there has appeared some difference of opinion as to the proposed memorial to Louis Stevenson. This was to be expected. Can we not, however, disarm all opposition by calling it a monument in honour of this writer by his friends and followers? We are certainly within our rights in putting up what we please. A national monument it cannot be called, because the State will contribute nothing; nor could any national monument be erected to any writer until it was decisively proved that some of his work, at least, had taken rank with the lasting literature of the country. That some of Stevenson's work will become part of our literature I certainly believe; and I will not offend people by giving reasons for thinking that some of it will not, and cannot. Let us wait, then, for the national monument for fifty years. Meanwhile, let us put up the private monument erected by the contributions of his friends—who are surely reckoned by the million.

Somehow the erection of monuments to dead and gone poets and writers, even when they have become classics, is not common among us. Where is the national monument to Thackeray, Dickens, Tennyson, Browning, George Eliot? Nobody proposes such an expression of national love and admiration. With difficulty do they get into the National Portrait Gallery. I suppose that it is not easy to be enthusiastic over anyone who has been dead for ten years. The present is perpetually pushing aside the past. For instance, twenty years ago clergymen in their sermons used to quote George Eliot. Nobody quotes her now, whether in church or out. Do the young people read "Daniel Deronda"? I very much doubt it. How much of Thackeray will be read in fifty years' time? How much of Fielding's voluminous works—of Defoe's voluminous works—is read by the present generation? I once made two statements which I thought perfectly harmless and perfectly safe from contradiction. I said that very few persons ever read "Paradise Lost" more than once, and that very few persons go to visit Milton's cottage, though it is so near London and so easy of access. Both, statements are literally true. Then I was jumped upon and called all manner of pretty names. But in the nature of things it must be so with all great writers of the past. They are not read all through, except by a few enthusiastic admirers. Yet if you say so, up jump the enthusiastic admirers and rend that unlucky prophet. Therefore it comes to this, in general terms. The admiration and abiding affection of the future must be uncertain, even for the best of writers; and, even for the best, they will be held in memory for some small part only of what their contemporaries thought fine even to immortality.

I have received a strong protest, from a young writer, against my observations on editors. His own experience has certainly been, so far, discouraging. It includes the following items in his arraignment against editors: (1) Keeping a MS. intended to illustrate a special event till that event is over and then rejecting it. But he sent it in, he says, only three weeks before that event! Why, the weekly magazine to which it was sent must be nearly, if not quite, made up more than three weeks before its appearance. (2) The acceptance of a MS. after it had been twice rejected and returned by the same editor. This does seem rather awkward—for the editor. Perhaps, however, it may be explained easily; it was read by a sub-editor in the first instance; perhaps it was not read through but merely looked at, and rejected on account of some objection as to style or matter. (3) Publication, with omissions. This is entirely unwarrantable, if the paper is signed. If it is not signed the editor can do what he pleases with it, unless the author has made stipulations. (4) Losing a MS. with a stamped and addressed envelope. Editors ought not to lose MSS., certainly. (5) Omissions designed in order to give an opportunity for misrepresenting the writer. There can be but one opinion as to such treatment as this. It is a most infamous abuse of power. One would rather not believe such a thing. Unfortunately, however, it is done sometimes. I have myself in certain papers, and at the instigation of certain kind friends who love me for exposing their little tricks, been systematically misquoted and misrepresented for may years. Still, one survives these things, and if the cause is good that survives as well. Therefore, let my correspondent take heart and try again.

This writer speaks, bitterly, as if I was a blind defender of all Editors—I am not. But I still wish that those who attack the Editor generally, as a type, would remember that it is above all things his business to get good "copy" if he can: that he is judged by the success of his paper; if its circulation declines; if its reputation suffers—to him is the decline imputed. He is expected to live for the paper; to think for it; to be always working for it. Favouritism; stupid rejection of good MSS.; discourtesy—those things are soon found out and are whispered about to the detriment of that paper. The pecuniary arrangements generally belong, not to the Editor, but to the proprietors. Now, it is only reasonable to believe that most men, as a rule, are sharp enough to understand their own interest, and to act in accordance with them. An Editor, therefore, may be expected to avoid the chance of such charges. For my own part, when I learn that a monthly magazine is falling into decay, I ask, first of all, what is the rate of pay. When I ascertain that the contributors are paid by the simple rule of giving them "as little as they will take," I want no other reason for the decay. But the Editor, to repeat, has, as a rule, nothing to say to the scale of pay. Nothing is more quickly discovered than this kind of meanness, and nothing more effectually damages a magazine.

What can one do in a lone farmhouse, all on a desperate day of rain? Hope that those with the breakfast bell, when the clouds half promised to lift again, has vanished away like that glimpse of light, and our hearts are as dull and as low as the sky, while Time, with his forelock—oh! give him a shove!—crawls and creeps when he ought to fly. Over the fields the sea mist rolls; and in stooks and stacks the corn, reaped and ready for mill and for barn, lies sadly sodden, and wet, and forlorn. If Ruth herself, most patient of maids, were standing among those despondent stooks, what remarks would that maiden make? and would they sing of her "sweetest looks"? Dim with mist are the hard old rocks; angry breakers are grey, not white; over the waste of wrathful waves never a sail or a steamer in sight. The foolish barometer points to Fair; the old woman's in and the old man's out. Where does it come from, all this rain? How can clouds carry so much about? It is drip, drip, drip for day after day—how many days since it first began? And the whole flat earth is spread beneath an everlasting dripping-pan. Did anyone speak of the summer sun? How would it look on this grey, cold shore? Did anyone speak of a summer sky? How would it look on this desolate moor? What can one do on this desperate day—this day of rebuke and of drizzle and rain? Pack up the books and roll up the things, and back to our streets and our clubs again.

I have been working out the life of a gentleman of fashion in or about the time when the first George flourished—say, in 1720. He despised, as a gentleman should, all methods of making money, whether by a profession or a trade; he owned no responsibilities towards his tenants or the poor, or anybody but himself, for whom alone he lived. He hated the country, where it was impossible to make up a company worthy the name, for want of supplies; impossible to drive about for want of roads; and impossible to talk because there was nothing to talk about. He had his lodging somewhere about St. James's; he rose at nine, and was dressed in the course of an hour or so by his man. Dressing was a matter of great importance, because the fashions demanded as much care and thought for a man as for a woman, and because in the morning he dressed for the day. Clean white silk stockings; spotless lace ruffles and neckerchief; a wig freshly curled and brushed; shoes with gold buckles; and a dazzling coat and waistcoat belonged to this dress. He took no breakfast, except a draught of small ale. Whether the custom common in the reign of Charles the Second, of taking a pint of wine about ten, was still observed I have not been able to discover. However, as soon as he was dressed he sallied forth. Sometimes he attended the levee of any great man whom he knew; sometimes he "sought company at tea tables."—I write down the words as I find them, because I am uncertain whether the tea-tables of ladies or those of the houses where tea was sold are intended; but I think the latter. At noon he looked in at his coffee-house, where he sat for awhile and joined in the conversation. The coffee-house was his club, and a much more sociable place than the modern club; everybody talked to everybody without introductions; the talk was in some houses clever; in all it took the place of the modern newspaper, contributing news and discussions and experiences. At one he took a stroll in the Park to get an appetite. He never walked for exercise but for pleasure, which was the reason why he came, whilst still under thirty, so sleek and fat and shiny. At two he dined at an ordinary with a party made up at the coffee-house; he sat drinking and talking with them till six; sometimes, however, they all went back to the coffee-house. At six, being generally a little foggy with wine, he went to the play—he was a regular play goer, and more critical than would be believed. After the play he had supper at a tavern, with punch, conversation, and sometimes cards. At midnight he went to bed. Sometimes he attended assemblies. This was his life; he new nothing about literature, art, science; he was not even a sportsman; he was, however, a man of admirable manners, and, on the point of honour, quite to be trusted. He did not get drunk, nor did he practise any excesses; but he lived well; he did nothing all his life, except perhaps to sit in the House for a pocket borough. And mostly he died at fifty.

The *Tribuna* publishes a telegram from Massowah, stating that, according to an exact inventory taken of the arms found on board the Dutch steamer Doelwyk, recently captured in the Red Sea, there were 30,000 Russian, 15,316 French rifles, 6,200 Cossack sabres, and 5,525,832 cartridges on board, besides ten chests with other munitions of war.

MEN AND MATTERS IN THE WORLD OF SPORT.

The Rugby Football Tournament, which we have been watching daily for the last week, is now a matter of ancient history. It was very well managed, but there were several little details that the executive might look to next year. First and foremost it would have been an excellent thing if the ground had been slightly watered each morning, as from the early cessation of the rains it was as hard as a brick, and a heavy fall upon it meant considerable abrasion of the cuticle, to say nothing of the danger of fracturing a bone. One player, in fact, who had been grounded very heavily, was clean knocked out of time for a bit. As I am on the subject of water, how is it that the Municipality do not water the roads which encircle the Bandstand? On the first two days the increased traffic and the strong breeze combined to raise clouds of dust, which not only choked the spectators, but must have been very inconvenient to the players. Considering that the Bandstand is one of the chief lungs of Bombay, and a place where very large numbers of ratepayers assemble daily to get a sea blow to have to swallow the proverbial peck of dust at the same time, is by no means a pleasant addition. The fact of the Municipality choosing the time of the year when the traffic was likely to be the heaviest, to take up and block the road at the Bandstand, is so in accordance with the well-known principles of Municipal government all over the world that it needs no further comment from me.

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Another point was why, Mr. Secretary, were no programmes with the names of the teams issued daily? But a truce to grousing. The play in the tournament was of a most pleasing character throughout. The Welsh Regiment were far and away the best team entered, and there was very little doubt in the minds of the critics that they would take back with them to Secunderabad the Challenge Cup for the third year in succession. It was a great pity that the Calcutta team could not get over here, as a match between the two would have been worth watching, and the Welsh might have turned the tables in Bombay. As it was, the result of the Final on the other side was that Calcutta won by two goals (one penalty) and two tries to one goal. I hear that the Calcutta executive were so pleased with the play and manners of the Welsh that they sent a sum of money to be divided among the men as an appreciation of their good and sportsmanlike behaviour. Bombay might do worse than follow the example.

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Another point that struck me was the sporting behaviour of the 40th Field Battery from Nagar. The history of the case is, that the Middlesex had no one to play with, and so they taught the Gunners the game. They have not been at it more than six months, and the exhibition they gave shows that they have already gained considerable experience. Considering that they came down here unsupported by any officer, and that none of their Sahibs take any interest in football, the manner in which they played and conducted themselves was distinctly creditable to their "esprit de corps." The Durhams had a bit of hard luck in Robb, their best three-quarter, being down with fever, but this was no excuse for the way in which they fell to pieces in their second game against the Welsh. By-the-bye, did anyone notice that all the officers of the Welsh played in the scrum, and that the back division were left to general themselves. This is a rarity in soldier teams, and speaks well for their organization. It will be an excellent lesson for the Rangers that final game they had with the winners, and they ought to profit by it. Hats off, however, to our local team for getting into the Finals. I must say a word or two about their want of combined play and wild passing. Let them before another year passes over their heads take a leaf from the Welsh team, and have several days at the beginning of the season devoted to the practice of passing and backing up. Their motto seems to be "Alone he did it," and if the man happens to get through "*tant mieux*," if on the other hand he doesn't "*tant pis*." This is true oriental philosophy and fatalism, but it is not modern Football.

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I have left the Gymkhana to the last. They play a good game, but the splitting of the forces was not a well chosen step. As somebody somewhere said, "c'est magnifique mais n'est pas la guerre." Let their motto next season be "in death they were not divided." The dinner was a big success, and plenty of genuine fun without vulgarity as the play bills have it. Dr. Pollen was an ideal chairman, and his speech, in proposing the winning team, "one of the best." He controlled the merry spirits with their quips and quirks, and sallies and sallets in a way that only an Irishman with a ready and witty tongue can do. I think that all the world will agree with me that the '96 tournament may be written down as an *annus mirabilis*.

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It is an unfortunate fact that, notwithstanding all the efforts of the energetic secretary, the entries for a Polo Tournament in Bombay do not seem to be able to get beyond the mystic number of three. For two years now we have had great preparation, much blowing of trumpets, and any amount of hard work for the secretary, and at the last moment we are informed that three teams only have entered for our First Class Tournament. Is it really only the fortune of war, or is there any "teterrima causa belli" underlying the whole matter of which the general public are ignorant? When one comes to think of the enthusiasm that has been displayed all the season through in the practice games, the large number of players, &c., it does seem passing strange. I have frequently commented this year on the revival of polo, and have often wondered at the number of ponies on the ground. On several occasions five and six full chukkurs have been played, and yet out of this multitude only four men have come out to uphold the honor and prestige of the black and yellow. Can it be that there are only four righteous men to be found in Bombay? I will reserve my comments on the Polo Tournament to next week, but could not help uttering this philippic.

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By the last mail I had a story, which is so typical of silly Sussex that I publish it as an instance of the way in which the moonrakers earned their title and have since justified it. During a local match in the county of Sussex, in what was I believe pretty rustic cricket, one of the batsmen was bowled. The bow

them all to get isolated colonies, and shall let you know how far I succeed. This morning I have been out and only able to get blood from one patient from the finger ends. I shall send you the specimens of blood to-morrow. Dr. Weir was kind enough to place his laboratory at my service, but I do my investigation at my own place, examining specimens and inoculating tubes, etc. I shall go out again to-morrow for collecting specimens of blood. The object of taking the help of Dr. Weir or his medical practitioner is to enable me to see the patients, I being a stranger to the place and to the dialect. Unless I be helped, I could not on any account proceed to carry out the object for which you have kindly deputed me. Of the private practitioners Dr. Viegas was kind enough to show me his cases, and in a few cases he had been able to persuade them to give specimens of blood.

J. N. DUTT,
Asst. Analyst.

Dr. Dutt has since reported the discovery of plague bacilli in a patient who died of the disease. We learn that Dr. Childe has also discovered a plague bacillus from the specimen of blood extracted from a patient.

THE COMPLAINT FROM BELLASIS ROAD.

With reference to the complaint from the Rev. H. E. Barrel, regarding the state of the tank in the Arab Horse Stable in Bellasis Road, in the occupation of Mr. Oomer Jamal, we are requested to state that, as the owner of the property did not comply with the demand of the Health Officer to fill in the tank, a summons was taken out and the case came before the Acting Fourth Presidency Magistrate, at the Mazagon Police Court, on the 30th September last, and he granted one month's time within which to do what was necessary. No further action by the Municipality in respect of the tank can be taken till the expiry of that time.

DEODORISER AND DISINFECTANT.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—I wish to call the attention of medical practitioners, and especially of sanitary officers, to the value of chloride of lead as the most powerful and economical agent for eliminating sulphide of hydrogen from the atmosphere, as well as from all organic matter in a state of decomposition or putridity. It is known to all chemists, but its application has been practically disregarded, owing to the popularity of other deodorisers, which are therefore generally adopted, and certainly do answer the purpose with more or less completeness.

I need not enter into the rationale of the chemical action of other several ingredients, nor do I suggest the substitution of chloride of lead to convert organic matter into unproductive soil for farming or gardening purposes, but only in those cases where it is necessary to purify a fetid atmosphere, which has to be breathed by living people, during this plaguing season.

It has already been objected that zinc and manganese have been detected in plants grown in soil manured by stable dung, which had been deodorised by Burnett's and Condy's fluids. I do not know how far the fact has been established, but even the suggestion is of such importance as to make us very careful in proposing the use of lead, unless it can be shown that lead is not in the same category. I think we may arrive at a strong inductive probability that it is not so; for the lead sulphide is quite insoluble except in strong nitric acid, in boiling hydrochloric acid, and in Aqua regia (which is not the case with zinc or manganese), nor is lead sulphide absorbed in the human body when swallowed, but passes on by the bowel as harmless as powdered charcoal; and the affinity of lead for sulphur is so strong that lead sulphide cannot be resolved but at a very high temperature. Another safeguard lies in the very sparing solubility of lead chloride, and also in the very small quantity used in the deodorising process.

To prepare it for use, take, for ordinary purposes, half a drachm of nitrate of lead, dissolve it in a pint or more of boiling water—(nitrate of lead is a soluble salt, and very cheap),—and dissolve two drachms of common salt (chloride of sodium) in a pail or bucket of water; pour the two solutions together and allow the sediment to subside. The clear supernatant fluid will be a saturated solution chloride of lead. A cloth dipped in the solution and hung up in a room will sweeten a fetid atmosphere instantaneously, or the solution thrown down a sink, water-closet or drain or over a heap of dung or other refuse will produce a like result. Even the tarnishing of gold and silver plate may be prevented by a rag dipped in the solution being hung up in the room or window where it is exposed.

It will thus be seen that one great advantage of chloride of lead over all other deodorisers lies in its great cheapness. The cost of the quantity of nitrate of lead required for use may be estimated at a fraction of a farthing; it is easily carried about, or may be sent by post; it is a dry solid, is not caustic, nor will it discolour or blister the skin, it can be kept in a paper or pill-box.

I do not wish to interfere with any scheme for ventilation any person or public body may contemplate: but this may be used in conjunction with it as it may be applicable. If Government were to enforce a rule that no house should be without this simple and effective deodorant, in course of time the public will be happy to find themselves living in a pure atmosphere. It will assuredly lessen the craving for beer and alcoholic drink, and increase the working powers and health of the people, for the evolution of carbonic acid gas as the noxious element being the cause of the mischief we want to rectify. The offensive matter is sulphide of ammonium, hydro-sulphuric acid, and other still more poisonous gases of which sulphur is the base. So poisonous is this gas that one volume added to 1,500 volumes will kill a bird; and one volume to 1,000 will kill a middle-sized dog instantly; and one volume added to 250 its volume of air will kill a horse. When existing in the atmosphere in an exceedingly small quantity is most injurious to animal and vegetable life; in fact, it is poisonous in proportion to its quantity. It is constantly secreted from the surface of the living body, and evaporates into the air. When crowds of people are assembled in a room, the air becomes very poisonous; but, fortunately, the chlorides of lead destroys it by attracting it with the strong force of double-electric affinity.

I especially request the public to always have the solution hung in their houses and thus to live in pure air, which is essentially necessary to human life as well as the plants, both out-door and in-door. It is the safety-valve.—Yours, &c.,

JOAQUM FRANK PEREIRA,
Late B. M. D. Medl. Practitioner, Bhewndy.

Oct. 8.

II.
THE EPIDEMIC AND THE HINDU DOCTORS.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—How far the past sins of our Sanitary Department are responsible for the outbreak of the plague is a question which will no doubt be solved when the experts now engaged in tracing its causes have concluded their investigations. In the meantime, it is very encouraging to note that the active measures taken by the Municipality have succeeded in subduing the virulence of the epidemic to a great extent. It grieves me, however, to note that while the epidemic has wrought, is working, the greatest ravages among the Hindus, not a single Hindu member of the medical profession has come forward to volunteer his services to the Municipality, and assist in the arrangements made to mitigate the sufferings of the people affected by the disease. What is more remarkable is that this attitude of the Hindu medical gentlemen cannot be said to be due to their lack of interest in what is taking place around them; for I find from the columns of a "Marathi Daily" that a public meeting was to be held, under the presidentship of Dr. Moreshwar Gopal Deshmukh, to arrange for the performance of the sacrificial ceremonial of a "Sahasrachandrama," the Police Commissioner, yesterday, refused permission to certain sections of the Hindu community to proceed in the form of a procession from Mandvie to Walkeshwar for the performance of certain ceremonies. If there is any connection between this procession and the public meeting presided over by Dr. Deshmukh, the Hindu community can have but small reason to congratulate itself on the benefits conferred upon its members like Dr. Deshmukh by the Grant Medical College. Can it be that our Hindu doctors have begun to lose faith in their medical skill, and have recourse to the primitive method of propitiating the deities who are supposed to preside over epidemics?—Yours, &c.,

SHAMARAV VITHAL.

Oct. 8.

III.
THE COFFEE CURE.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—The existence of the bubonic plague dates as far back as the days of the Prophet Solomon. It once broke out in Aden, and Solomon used coffee as its cure with success—coffee seeds to be roasted after having been rubbed over with cow's ghee and given to the sufferer; and I assure you that this will prove effective and beneficial if once given a trial. Coffee has in innumerable instances never failed to produce the desired effect when it has been used properly.—Yours, &c.,

MOULVI ABDULCADIR BAACZA.

Surat, Oct. 8.

IV.
RE BUBONIC PLAGUE AND SERUM TREATMENT.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—May I request you to give publicity to the following specific treatment for the alleviation of the present human sufferings, in the corner of your tomorrow's paper? As you are aware, and it is known to all the medical men, the "serum treatment" had proved a specific in the last Chinese bubonic plague, but nothing has yet been done for its introduction here. However, please allow me to advice the Drug practitioners to try an equally efficient, if not superior, drug, "Nuclein Solution," ten drops up-dermatically once a day (alone or in conjunction with their own routine treatment). This solution has been highly eulogised by the American practitioners on the germ disease, and ranked second to none. A limited supply of this solution has lately been imported at great cost for a trial, and I shall be glad to supply it gratis to those diplomaed practitioners engaged in the plague-stricken locality on application to the undersigned.—Yours, &c.,

Cujaba Sanitarium, Oct. 9. J. N. PATCH.

V.
CRIES FROM THE DISTRICTS.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZATTE."

SIR,—Your correspondent, "F. H. C.," when complaining in your issue of date about the state of things at Mazagon, has not exaggerated matters at all; and I can bear witness to the truth of all the statements made by him. Considering, however, the work devolving now on the Health Department, I think the residents of Mazagon are just as much to blame as the Municipality in regard to the present condition of that place. Help yourselves and God will help you, is an old saying; and if the residents of Mazagon expect the Municipality to run to their aid when they themselves are lying listless, they are mistaken. Describing the public of Bombay in one of his speeches, the late Mr. Anstey called it a "District of skimmed Milk." I cannot say how far that definition can apply to the people of Bombay at large; but it is certainly applicable to the residents of Mazagon, who, though they see, smell, and hear every kind of nuisance, seem to be quite happy.—Yours, &c.,

Oct. 8. A SUFFERER.

VI.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—It will be no wonder if within a week the plague is heard to have taken a stronghold on the Colaba side. As far as I am able to see and judge, proper measures to ward off the plague from the unaffected parts are not put into execution with due amount of care and vigour. All the strenuous and vigorous measures of the Municipality, notwithstanding the expense of time and energy on its part, will, I make bold to say, prove ridiculous, after the plague has once taken possession of this site. If the state of the locality does not show signs of improvement in two or three days, I need not foretell that it must have a sorrowful fate next to that of Mandvie.—Yours, &c.,

Oct. 9. HOPELESSLY PUZZLED.

VII.
PREVENTION BETTER THAN CURE.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—India is at present suffering from drought of rain and intense heat. This has caused high prices in articles of food of general consumption, from the evils of which the poor people of Bombay along with the Mofussilites are victims. To add to this Bombay is affected with the bubonic fever, which is said to be infectious. Governments have armed the Municipal Commissioner with powers of quarantine. Under this condition of the city, it behoves all Intelligent classes of people deeply interested in the public weal to follow the well-known precept, "Prevention is better than cure." I learn that the Municipal schools are closed. The Arya Mitra Mela have, I hear, abandoned their demonstrative procession on the Dassera Day. Other public bodies have followed suit, and their settled public meetings have been postponed owing to the disease, heat, &c. I understand that a monster meeting is to be held in a mandap erected for the occasion, on Sunday next, from 1 p.m. to 6 p.m., in the old Sonapore Lane, where four or five thousand Dadabhys are elected from all parts of the town are to meet for discussing some questions. They use the public passage, which is barely ten feet wide, and closely inhabited by many families. Cannot any measures be taken to postpone the meeting for two or three weeks more? As all even this is a fit subject for the Municipal Commissioner's immediate inquiry.—Yours, &c.,

Oct. 9. A DAIVADNYA.

VIII.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—Dr. Desai, in a recent issue of your paper, drew attention to the possibility of infection of the bubonic fever being carried about by medical men. The warning is not a bit too soon. Our local medicos are not over-particular, often heedless as to the precautions they should adopt after they have attended on cases of infectious diseases. Dr. Desai advises change of dress by the medical man after he has visited a patient suffering from bubonic fever, and when called upon to attend on a person attacked with a non-contagious complaint. In my opinion, not only is dress a good medium for carrying about disease germs, but more so is the apparatus used on patients, such as the thermometer, the stethoscope, the tongue-depressor, the lancet, pincers, and various other articles and appliances used in surgical dressings. Barring perhaps a few exceptions, medical practitioners in this city do not keep a double set of instruments, one for use in case of contagious diseases, and the other for ordinary complaints; but more deplorable is the fact that immediate antiseptic precautions are not taken when instruments have been used. I speak from experience, as, very recently, my medical attendant used on me a tongue-depressor in case of sore throat, and the same instrument was utilised on another patient, five minutes later, after it was simply wiped with a rag.

Our Municipal authorities enforce vaccination on children at least six months after birth; the Municipal vaccinator is not a medical man, but a ordinary individual, who has been trained only to perform the mechanical part of the work. Our Health Officer may with advantage issue orders to those in charge of places for public vaccination, that antiseptic precautions are taken with the instrument used.—Yours, &c.,

Oct. 9. F. S.

At the request of the members of the Bhuleshwar Union Club, Dr. Nagindas Pranjivandas Mehta has consented to treat gratis all the patients suffering from bubonic fever in the Bhuleshwar locality, and in cases of urgency will also visit them free of charge. All his charges are to be borne by the club. Dr. Nagindas' dispensary is at the 3rd Bholwada, Bhuleshwar Road.

ANOTHER SENSATION IN HYDERABAD.

PERRETTS ESCAPE FROM JAIL.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SECUNDERABAD, Oct. 7.

THOMAS WILLIAM PERRETT, the alleged bigamist and forger, has distinguished himself still further this time as an escaped prisoner. He managed to get clear from the Secundrabad jail early this morning. Accused before the Residency Magistrate with the serious charges of bigamy and forgery, standing on various occasions before a crowd in court, handcuffed and debased, Perrett's position was indeed a painful one. It required a very strong heart to withstand the scrutiny of a frowning public in the capacity of a prisoner without emotion, but Perrett maintained a studied indifference to the evils and shame attending him. There can be no doubt, however, that the transition from an Executive Engineer on the Railway, to a captive in the clutches of the law, drove him to the desperate and daring end which he accomplished with complete success. His achievement was reserved all the more feasible by the jerry-like construction of the jail, which stands in a quadrangle in the heart of the native quarter of Secunderabad. An instance was provided only last year of how easy it is to escape from this jail, as was then that the Mahomedan convict found an outlet from the tiled roof, and the record of escapes previous to this scarcely does credit to the structural security of the building. Architecturally, as viewed from outside, it is a positive eyesore. The outer walls skirt the roadside, north, south, and west, and along the front runs a low wall which the slightest agility could negotiate with ease. The walls are built in two and a half feet thick with bricks and mud, and the cells stretching at angles abut the thoroughfares. In each cell there is a wicker window seven feet from the basement, and about seven feet in the middle, raised about two or three feet from the ground, for the convicts to sleep on. From these windows the air and light is let in, and sound, of vehicular traffic and human voices from outside can be heard by the convicts. Perrett, as a practical engineer, must have investigated the frailty of the walls and accordingly decided to try his escape. He was permitted to go round by the jailor to have a look at the building with a view to sketching a design of his own for a new jail. Subsequently, that is three days ago, he complained to Surgeon-Major Moran, Medical Officer in charge of the jail, of having been attacked the night previous by epileptic fits, and to guard against any danger he appealed for company in the cell. Doctor Moran granted his request and directed the jailor to send two other prisoners in his cell at night. Daniel, a Native Christian, and Madaray, a notorious low-caste Hindu, each undergoing six months' hard labour, were ordered to sleep in Perrett's cell. Daniel, who was convicted of house-breaking, was deputed to work in the jail cookroom. He was given a rough piece of iron ten inches long to cut up vegetables with. This implement he managed to conceal, and carry into Perrett's cell after his day's work, when the three men evidently planned to effect their escape simultaneously at night. They were locked up in their cell by a grated door, opening out into a passage on the left wing of the jail quadrangle. Armed with the cookroom knife they evidently commenced digging away at the wall between two and three in the morning, when all was still and dark, and the sentry on the roof of the jail was unaffected by any suspicion of mischief. They finished up with a round hole in the wall just big enough for a slim man to squeeze through, but how Perrett, who is a plump sturdy man, managed to slip out without injuring himself seriously is strange. The whole was made from over the wicker bunk, which adjoined the wall, and from the roadside it stood about a foot from the level of the street. It was therefore practicable for the prisoners to creep out of the hole in a diving attitude with their hands outstretched in front of their heads, and to find a landing on the road without difficulty. Four watches are maintained in the jail at night, each taking a turn of three hours, but the process of escape must have been carried out so silently, and diligently, that the watchman remained in perfect ignorance till six o'clock in the morning, when the door of the cell was unlocked to find the prisoners "non est." Perrett had a blanket and a pillow which he took away with him. Daniel and Madaray unburdened themselves of their convicts attire, which they left with the cookroom implement in Perrett's bunk in the cell. The idea which speedily gained ground that Perrett would put an end to himself, has so far been unfounded, but search parties are out on the tanks and the police are everywhere searching for the miscreants. It must be remembered that the prisoners had a start of the police of only four or five hours at the most, and it is not possible that they could have covered more than ten or twelve miles during that time. If they have found their way in the outlying country, their detection will be easy, as the natives in those parts are smart in discovering an interloper, and equally smart in not being able to hold their tongues when afflicted with questions.

THE CHARGES AGAINST JANNI SETT WITHDRAWN.

YESTERDAY, at the Esplanade Police Court, before Mr. J. Sandeman-Slater, Chief Presidency Magistrate, Haji Jan Mahomed Hasnub *alias* Janni Sett, appeared to answer the charge of cheating, preferred against him by Ismail Omer, on behalf of Abiul Karim Fateh Mahomed, in respect of a cheque for Rs. 13,000. Mr. Davar, barrister-at-law, instructed by Mr. Nanabhoy Moos, appeared for the complainant, and applied for leave to withdraw the charge as the bank, though dishonoured the cheque, held in security a balance amounting to Rs. 15,000. Under such circumstances the charge of cheating could not be brought home. Mr. Bhaishankar, solicitor, who appeared for Janni Sett, remarked that prosecution had no information as to the exact state of affairs, and therefore their action on the fact of the cheque being dishonoured was justifiable. The bank had the power to debit the balance on credit to other accounts, and it was done after the accused had left, otherwise the cheque would have been cashed. The charge was allowed to be withdrawn.

Late in the afternoon, Mr. Payne, solicitor, appeared before Mr. P. H. Dastur, Acting Third Presidency Magistrate, on behalf of Haji Abdul Hali Abd Satar, who had charged Janni Sett with cheating, in respect of promissory notes to the extent of Rs. 75,000, and applied for permission to withdraw the charge as accused had returned the notes to the complainant. Mr. Bhaishankar remarked that no offence had been committed at all; but as the charge was withdrawn, he had nothing to say. The charge was allowed to be withdrawn.

A CORRESPONDENT of the *Daily Graphic* writes:—A peculiar and weird effect is at present being produced by the violent storms passing over the Riffelhorn in the Valais. Towards evening, when the wind comes from the glacier, the strangest sounds are to be heard around the sombre ranges of the mountain—sounds like voices, cries, music, and singing "Thia," says the *Chronique Alpestre*, "is a phenomenon familiar to the peasants, who call it the Gratzug—or the procession of the Wild Huntsman over the peaks and ridges." Its very national cause is the wind, as it rushes with peculiar violence over the torn crags and numberless arretes of the Reffelhorn.

DEATH OF MR. G. DU MAURIER.

MR. GEORGE LOUIS PALMELLA BUSSON DU MAURIER, artist, was born March 6, 1834, and educated in Paris, but was a British subject. His grandparents on his father's side were emigres from France during the Reign of Terror. He went over to England at the age of seventeen, and studied chemistry under Dr. Williamson, at the University College, London. Afterwards he studied painting in Paris under the famous M. Gleyre, also in Antwerp and Dusseldorf. He first began to draw on wood in England for *Once a Week*, afterwards for *Punch* and the *Cornhill Magazine* and subsequently he joined the *Punch* staff. Since that time his weekly drawings made him one of the best known and most admired of contemporary artists. Mr. Du Maurier illustrated "Esmond," "The Story of a Father," Thackeray's "Ballads," and many other books. He was also an Associate of the Royal Society of Painters in Water Colours. A special exhibition of his works was held at the rooms of the Fine Art Society in 1885. In 1891 Mr. Du Maurier published his first novel "Peter Ibbetson," and three years later his "Trilby" appeared, both books yielding him unexpectedly large profits. The following comments in his work appear recently in the "National Observer":—

Mr. Du Maurier has achived a genuine popularity but not of the kind which he would have chosen for himself. The great upper-middle-class whose vanities he chronicles and whose weaknesses he exposes would be miserable if Wednesday did not bring the accustomed specimen of his amiable humour. The inhabitants of Bloomsbury and other respectable suburbs recognise that he is holding up the mirror to them, and are positively flattered when they find their own name—as it were—coupled with a British duke's or a French Count's. It is a simple matter to put up his umbrella in a shower is exquisite. "Il va donner un rendez-vous, ma foi! Monty Brabazon? Who's he?" "Not know Lord Montague Brabazon? Why, he's about the only man in London who really knows how to do it." Unfortunately, Mr. Du Maurier has not only invented types: he has even made phrases which have passed into the language. Was he not the first to applaud a doctor for his 'good bedside manner'? Having prepared for the Baptist ministry at Mr. Spurgeon's College. Dr. Monck commenced the pursuance of his profession, but he soon developed as a medium for manifestations, both of a mental and physical order. He did not take place systematically, as is the case with most mediciums, and were of a varied character, and sometomes, when least expected, something very extraordinary would occur. Archdeacon Colley wrote a pamphlet, giving his experiences with this medium, and relates a curious fact showing the intimate connection that existed between the spirit and the medium. It appears that on one occasion a spirit materialised, apparently growing out of the side of the medium, and both taller and of stouter build than he was and, to show his strength, lifted the medium off the floor. He then ate an apple, and to the surprise of the observers the pips of the fruit was ejected from the mouth of the medium. There could be no doubt of the fact, for the medium and spirit were standing side by side in a good light when this extraordinary phenomenon occurred.

CURIOUS SPIRITS.

We hear of fraud-proof conditions, such as tying the medium, but instances have been known that have shown the uselessness even of this. When I was in America, Dr. H. B. Storer, of Boston, at the instance of the "Banner of Light" proprietors, investigated the manifestations of a Mrs. Compton, living somewhere in the West. He reported that the medium was placed in a closet, and as a security against her moving, thread was put through her carring holes and attached to the wall with sealing wax. In a little time a tall Indian, dressed in characteristic style, with feathers on his head, emerged from the cabinet, and on Dr. Storer entering the cabinet he was surprised to find it vacant. The Indian figure then returned to the cabinet, and at the close of the seance the medium was found seated in the chair, with the threads in her ears attached to the wall. This I had from Dr. Storer himself, who was a perfectly reliable man. Colonel Olcott went to see Mrs. Compton, and in his book, "People from the Other World," records similar experiences. This must have been a case of transformation, and shows the difficulty of adopting "fraud-proof" conditions where spirits are concerned. Some years ago experiments were made with the Allen boy, who used to sit outside a screen made by placing blankets on a horse, instruments of different kinds being placed behind it, and it was found that if paint were placed on the instruments some of it would be transferred to the medium's hands. I was present on more than one occasion when a similar test was adopted with the Devonports, but their hands showed no trace of the pigment, which looks as if the transference were at the will of the spirits.

FIGHTING INDIANS.

I will close these few discursive remarks by mentioning that I once witnessed at the Eddy's, which, as far as I know, has never been recorded in the annals of Spiritualism. I once saw a small figure of the acrobatic type run along the empty forms, from one to the other, to the farther end of the room, and, after dancing round the stove, run along the passage way, and take a flying leap over the railing in front of the platform, into the cabinet. This was a striking feat; but what I am about to state appears to me equally remarkable. One evening an Indian came on to the platform and beckoned to Horatio Eddy, who was sitting with the spectators. He went on the platform and conferred with the spirit, and without saying anything went down into the house, the spirit leaning against the chimney jamb awaiting his return. In a few minutes Horadio returned with two swords, one of which he handed to the spirit and the two then commenced a duel with the weapons which lasted a few minutes, and was after the fashion of the ordinary "stage fight." The Indians varied in size one exceeded six feet in height. On one occasion it was announced that the following night the Indians would appear in full light, when the shade in front of the lamp was removed, and several times, but only for a few minutes, one and the other, all differing in size, appearance, and dress, and could be seen to advantage with the increased amount of light above that usually allowed.

FOREIGN TELEGRAPHIC SERVICE.

Latest dates of foreign messages received at Bombay, from the United Kingdom, during the 24 hours ending, at 8 p.m. of the 9th October, 1896.

(Difference in Longitude allowed for.)

Via.	Latest Dates. D.	H.	M.	Time occupied in transmission. Hours.	Minutes
Turkey	3	1	... p.m.	17	21
Teheran	9	2	33 p.m.	...	19
Suez	9	3	0 p.m.	7	7

Time occupied in the transmission of messages to Bombay, during the 24 hours ending, at 8 p.m., of the 9th October, 1896.

	Maximum Time. H.	M.	Minimum Time. H.	M.
From Calcutta	...	35	...	1
" Madras	...	17	...	2
" Madras	...	33	...	1

SIR GERARD SMITH, the Governor of Western Australia, the other day opened the newly-constructed railway line from Coolgardie to Kalgoorlie amid great popular enthusiasm. Many thousands were present, including the leading men of the whole Colony. At a large banquet given in the evening, to celebrate the occasion, the Governor delivered a speech, in which he described the extension of the line to Kalgoorlie as marking an important epoch in the history of the Colony, and not only benefiting the present generation, but generations yet unborn.

A LOVELY BEAUTIFUL FACE!—Beauty Charm and Blanc-de-Camille are recommended as harmless and imperceptible Face Skin Cosmetique, imparting fresh bloom to the Cheeks and velvet-smoothness to the Complexion Each Rs. 1-4, of MADON SONS and Co.

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FRENCH AND ENGLISH SCHOOLBOYS.

A FRENCHMAN, a professor at one of the great public schools of England, remarked to me the other day, writes a correspondent, that English boys are certainly backward according to French or German standards, but after they are grown up they make up leeway, and they preserve a health of body and a freshness of mind which the world may envy them. The same idea runs through an article on English boys by M. Hugues Leroux, a writer who has endeavoured to open his countrymen's eyes to the merits of foreign countries. He professes himself an enthusiast for English education, but what he writes is not so striking as what is conveyed between the lines—a desponding doubt as to the vitality of the French race, and a forlorn appeal to French fathers and mothers to stifle their fatal tenderness towards their offsprings. He tells us what English boys are, but he wishes his countrymen to see what French boys are not. On leaving the nursery—that is to say as soon as he is able to dress and wash himself properly—the young Englishman, he says, leaves his family. Several passage, are even more amusing than this, to English readers. He practically says that the English boy is tied to his mother's apron strings till the time comes for military service. She dresses him, puts on his boots, accompanies him to school and as he advances to higher classes, learns the Greek alphabet to make him decline "Tamias."

M. Hugues Leroux must have in mind his own melancholy school days in some lycee when he gives the accustomed specimen of his amiable humour. The inhabitants of Bloomsbury and other respectable suburbs recognise that he is holding up the mirror to them, and are positively flattered when they find their own name—as it were—coupled with a British duke's or a French Count's. It is a simple matter to put up his umbrella in a shower is exquisite. "Il va donner un rendez-vous, ma foi! Monty Brabazon? Who's he?" "Not know Lord Montague Brabazon? Why, he's about the only man in London who really knows how to do it." Unfortunately, Mr. Du Maurier has not only invented types: he has even made phrases which have passed into the language. Was he not the first to applaud a doctor for his 'good bedside manner'? Having prepared for the Baptist ministry at Mr. Spurgeon's College. Dr. Monck commenced the pursuance of his profession, but he soon developed as a medium for manifestations, both of a mental and physical order. He did not take place systematically, as is the case with most mediciums, and were of a varied character, and sometomes, when least expected, something very extraordinary would occur. Archdeacon Colley wrote a pamphlet, giving his experiences with this medium, and relates a curious fact showing the intimate connection that existed between the spirit and the medium. It appears that on one occasion a spirit materialised, apparently growing out of the side of the medium, and both taller and of stouter build than he was and, to show his strength, lifted the medium off the floor. He then ate an apple, and to the surprise of the observers the pips of the fruit was ejected from the mouth of the medium. There could be no doubt of the fact, for the medium and spirit were standing side by side in a good light when this extraordinary phenomenon occurred.

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FEMININE FACTS AND FANCIES.

THE title "Animal Furniture" will probably convey little meaning to the majority of readers; or to those at least who have not yet made the acquaintance of the new number of "The Strand Magazine," where it is explained in a paper by Mr. William G. Fitzgerald. It refers to one of the latest of furnishing fashions, which consists in converting those hunting trophies which it has been the custom to mount in a monotonous way, and set up in country houses, into articles which fulfil at once a useful and an ornamental purpose. A notable example is afforded by the "rugged Russian bear" who for years has stood erect in the smoking room at Marlborough House in the character of a dumb waiter, holding in his paws a tray laden with glasses and a bottle of some liquor. This obsequious though somewhat startling dumb attendant is the magnificent stuffed and preserved skin of a bear shot in Russia by no less a personage than the Prince of Wales, and for years it has here waited meekly, as depicted in the "Strand Magazine's" illustration. He is, however, thrown into the shade by the Baroness Eckhardstein's gigantic bear holding an electric lamp, which stands in the hall of that lady's mansion in Grosvenor-square. Sometimes these trophies are associated with exciting stories in which the host or his friends have played a prominent part.

Fancy, says Mr. Fitzgerald, lounging into the entrance hall after a long ramble and and thoughtfully regarding your host on the horn of a rhinoceros, which identical horn was once half buried in the writhing body of your host, in saying which the "Strand's" contributor tells us that he has a certain country seat in his mind. "I also," he continues, "recall a titled lady who occasionally wears a necklace of gold-mounted bear's claws, which correspond exactly with a number of frightful-looking scars on her noble husband's back. Then, again, in the beautiful home of one of our greatest big game hunters there may be seen at this moment a superb tiger set up as a dumb—very dumb—waiter. That same tiger, however, wasn't always so obliging, and with both the rough and the smooth side of his tongue nearly tore to pieces the very man he now stiffly supplies with a glass of grog and a cigar." Mr. Fitzgerald considers the most original animal chair that has come under his notice is that which has been ingeniously constructed of the skin and head of a baby giraffe, killed by "that mighty Nimrod," Mr. Gardiner Muir, of HIN Crest, Market Harborough. The animal was shot by this gentleman near the Kiboko River in British East Africa.

From the examples given with photographic representations, the fashion seems to be making great progress in the way of birds and monkeys, who having been favourites in their lifetime thus receive the honour of a conspicuous posthumous position in the household of their owners. Thus the Princess of Wales's favourite parrot has now become a fruit and nut tree stand. Among other examples we come upon a group of pet monkeys mounted on a flower stand; a giant Argus pheasant converted into a fire-screen; an Emu lamp; a black swan table-lamp on the wings of which a presenting water an albatross's beak as a letter clip; a man-eating tiger mounts as an arm chair, which might cause alarm to a timid visitor; an elephant's foot as a liqueur stand; an ostrich's leg as a door stop; a "recognised" tiger skull holding a hall clock; a small elephant converted into a hall porter's chair; a table ornament made of the tusks of Indian wild boars, and so forth. The late Sir Edwin Landseer appears to have had a considerable hand in fostering this fashion, as is indicated by his group of trophies with his otter chair in the middle; also by his horn hat-stand in the hall of Sir Robert Harvey's seat at Langley Park.

The fancy is clearly spreading—it seems, indeed, to bid fair to assume the proportions of a craze. Whether the Selbornian Society and the readers of "Nature Notes" will approve, is another question. The "great game" were rapidly dwindling in numbers, and in some parts approaching to extinction, even before bears, tigerss, elephants, ostriches were in demand for the garnishing of halls and the ornamentation of smoking rooms; and there are ominous tokens that the rage for bird furniture is not confined to deceased pets. A well-known east-end dealer in "live carnivora" has, we are told, been vexed with orders for dead monkeys, and a Bond-street house has even had to keep a stock of live parrots and cockatoos in order that aristocratic customers could select one for a swinging lamp. After selection we are told that the doomed bird is sent along to the taxidermist, killed immediately, and then mounted in the style chosen. Well, indeed, may Mr. Fitzgerald exclaim, "O fashion! what cruelties are perpetrated in thy name."

September of this year at home is more like a very wet July, and dress is much influenced by the difference from its usual golden calm, varied towards the close by the roaring equinoctial gales. At the seaside there is more sunshine and less rain than in town, and on sunny afternoons many a gay costume is to be seen, with that marvellous diversity of headgear which is characteristic of dress at the moment. A pretty dress seen at the seaside during the last few days was grass lawn lined with poppy red, and made with a deep sailor collar bordered all round the edge with poppy-coloured pleated silk. Touches of the red appeared at waist and wrists. The hat was brown, rough straw, only the crown being visible. The trimming consisted of wide poppy-red frillings. Brown suede gloves completed a every effective costume, which attracted much attention. Another, almost equally so was in shot canvas, dove-colour and gold, lined with old gold and worn with silk front and belt ribbon in a beautiful tone of dull orange, just the tint seen in some nasturtiums. The revers of the bolero are faced with orange cloth. With this the rough straw hat with its wreath of wheat was brown and gold, and held a wealth of yellow and orange flowers, with a tall aigrette of green leaves and brown ribbons.

But the weather is often cloudy, and forbids the brighter dresses to appear. The toilettes on such days give a foretaste of what the autumn and winter fashions will be. Deep nut-browns and the red of the robin breast are skilfully combined, and it is certain that in a few weeks many costumes will be seen in warm yet golden tones of brown, with relief of tan, biscuit, and even amber. There is a great fancy for mulberry and such wine tints as burgundy and claret. Also chest-nut brown combined with a green like that on the husk of the filbert. "London smoke," has also returned to favour—a dim, dull, slate colour, with the smallest suspicion of green about it. Even the grey is another fancy, with such tints as reddish tan and deep gooseberry red. In fact, all the new tones are full and rich, with some hint of brightness in them. In even dark green and blue cloths there are to be seen a bloom of brighter colour. This is noticeable especially in the new mauves, which, though dark in their general effect, have an underlying depth and richness that add much to their beauty and suitability.

Contrary to expectation, the cape promises to be as much worn as ever. The new shapes are very smart, if occasionally rather stiff. Fur capes are already prepared, and on wet and chilly afternoons look far from unseasonable. One of the prettiest of these is chinchilla trimmed with ermine, the hat to be worn with it being made entirely of seagull's breast and wings, white and grey. These are for the rich only, the furs being of the costly order, and chinchilla very costly indeed. Dark blue cloth capes with other trimming than rows of stitching are sold at very moderate prices, having probably been made in Germany.

One of the very simplest makes of autumn or mid-season coat, has the basque is rather longer than those to which we have been accustomed, and that there are small pockets in front, a revival of a submerged fashion. The coat is quite light-fitting, and there is very little fulness in the sleeves. With most of the new shapes, however, some of them are extravagantly full, notwithstanding the decided reaction against large sleeves that set in last season. That is a matter of every variety in tapes, and it seems that elaboration in this particular will be one of the salient features of autumn dress. The newest and most eff

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The Rt. Hon. BARON H. DE WORMS.
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DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE

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DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE.—Dr. J. COLLIS BROWNE late Army Medical Staff DISCOVERED a REMEDY to denote which he coined the word CHLORODYNE. Dr. Browne is the SOLE INVENTOR, and as the composition of Chlorodyne cannot, possibly be discovered by Analysis (organic substances defying elimination), and since the formula has never been published, it is evident that any statement to the effect that a compound is identical with Dr. Browne's Chlorodyne *must be false.*

This caution is necessary, as many persons deceive purchasers by false representations.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE.—Vice Chancellor Sir W. PAGE WOOD stated publicly in Court that Dr. J. COLLIS BROWNE was undoubtedly the INVENTOR of CHLORODYNE, that the whole story of the defendant Freeman was deliberately untrue, and he regretted to say it had been sworn to.—See *The Times* July 13, 1864.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE is the TRUE PALLIATIVE in NEURALGIA, GOUT, CANCER, TOOTHACHE, RHEUMATISM.

GENERAL BOARD of HEALTH, London, REPORT that it ACTS as a CHARM, one dose generally sufficient.

Dr. GIBBON, Army Medical Staff, Calcutta, states "TWO DOSES COMPLETELY CURED ME OF DIARRHŒA."

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE is a liquid medicine which assuages PAIN of EVERY KIND, affords a calm, refreshing sleep, WITHOUT HEADACHE, and invigorates the nervous system when exhausted.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE rapidly cut short all attacks of EPILEPSY, SPASMS, COLIC, PALPITATION, HYSTERIA.

IMPORTANT CAUTION.—The IMMENSE SALE of this REMEDY has given rise to many UNSCRUPULOUS IMITATIONS. Be careful to observe Trade Mark. Of all Chemists. 1s. 1½d., 2s. 9d. & 4s. 6d. *SOLE MANUFACTURER*—

J. T. Davenport, 33, Great Russell Street, London, W. C.

THE BOONS AND BLESSINGS.

Recommended by 3007 Newspapers.

"They are a Treasure." *Standard.*

Sold by all Stationers.

They come as a boon and a blessing to men,
The Pickwick, the Owl and the Waverley Pen.

"The Waverley Pen is a Treasure." *Standard.*

"The Owl Pen is par excellence the Ladies' Pen." *Court Journal*

"The Pickwick Pen embodies an improvement of great value." *Engineer.*

MACNIVEN & CAMERON, WAVERLEY WORKS, EDINBURGH.

CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S, LTD.,

Pickles, Sauces, Jams, Jellies, Tart Fruits, Potted Meats, Preserved Fish, Soups, Game, Sausages, Hams, Bacon, & Cheese

May be obtained of all Storekeepers throughout India.

SPECIAL AGENTS FOR
LEA & PERRINS' WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.

"CARLTON" WHISKEY.

ELEVEN YEARS OLD & FIVE YEARS OLD

THESE GRAND OLD SCOTCH WHISKIES are shipped only by RICHARD MATHEWS AND COMPANY, of London and Inverness, who are sole possessors of the Brand "CARLTON." They are distilled from the finest Highland Malt only, are in every respect equal to the best Cognac Brandy, and guaranteed to be entirely free from Fusil Oil or other noxious impurities.

The following letter has been received from the Secretary of the "CARLTON" CLUB:—

CARLTON CLUB, Dec. 30, 1875.

GENTLEMEN,—In reply to your enquiry as to whether the Whiskey you are supplying to this Club is approved by the Members, the best answer I can give is that the consumption of this Whiskey in the Club has GREATLY INCREASED since it has been supplied by your firm. There can be no doubt whatever about the Whiskey being MOST EXCELLENT. It is Old and Soft, and I may safely say that it is much approved by the Members

Yours obediently,
W. GRIFFIN SUTTON, *Secretary.*

CAUTION.—It has come to the knowledge of the shippers of the "CARLTON" WHISKIES, that the empty Bottles have been dishonestly refilled with the poisonous trash very often sold in India under the name of WHISKEY, this is therefore to caution consumers to CAREFULLY EXAMINE the CORKS and CAPSULES to see they have not been tampered with; also that the Corks, Capsules and Label are branded with Their Trade Mark.

Sold Everywhere. Wholesale of all Wholesale Houses,

Shippers: RICHARD MATHEWS & Co., "Carlton" Whiskey Merchants, London.

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TANTALUS SPIRIT STANDS.

LATEST NOVELTIES.

Silver Mounted Toilet Bottles, 3¼ in., Rs. 4-8 each.

Silver Mounted Toilets in Cases, Rs. 40, Rs. 56, and Rs. 80.

Silver Mounted Toilet Bottle, 8 in., Rs. 13.

Cigar and Cigarette Boxes, Rs. 36.

Tantalus Perfume Stands, 3 Sizes, Rs. 30, Rs. 46, and Rs. 65.

Silver Mounted Toilet Bottle, 4 in., Rs. 9-8.

Tantalus Spirit Stand, 3 pint Bottles, Rs. 33.

Silver Mounted Toilet Bottle, 8 in., Rs. 13.

Tantalus Spirit Stand .....Rs. 35.
Do. do. 2 pint Bottles ... „ 26.

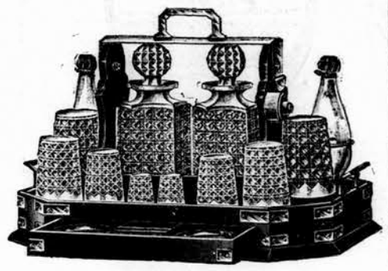
New Jewel, Perfume and Toilet Cabinet, Rs. 200.

Tantalus Frame, 3 pint Bottles, Rs. 80.

Tantalus Frame, 3 pint Bottles, Rs. 38.

Corinthian Tantalus Spirit Frame, 3 quart Bottles, Rs. 145.

Combination Spirit, Liqueur, Cigar and Game Cabinet, Rs. 180.



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BOMBAY & POONA.

FANCY CABINET GOODS.

SUITABLE FOR PRESENTATION.

LEA & PERRINS'

OBSERVE THAT THE SIGNATURE

Lea & Perrins

IS NOW PRINTED IN BLUE INK DIAGONALLY ACROSS THE OUTSIDE WRAPPER of every Bottle of the

ORIGINAL WORCESTERSHIRE

SAUCE.

Sold Wholesale by the Proprietors, Worcester; Crosse & Blackwell, Ltd., London; and Export Oilmen generally.

RETAIL EVERYWHERE.

ADMIRABLY ADAPTED TO THE WANTS OF INFANTS" Sir Chas. A. Cameron M.D.

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FOR INFANTS, CHILDREN, INVALIDS & THE AGED.

"HIGHLY NUTRITIOUS." Lancet

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ALL MERCHANTS.

FINE OLD SCOTCH WHISKY — HUNTLY BOTTLING STORES GLASGOW.

Facsimile of Label.

AGENTS:
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MAINTAINS THE HIGHEST REPUTATION

WILKINSON'S

ESSENCE OR FLUID EXTRACT OF RED JAMAICA

SARSAPARILLA

since 1839.

Pronounced by the HIGHEST MEDICAL AUTHORITIES the most

WONDERFUL PURIFIER OF THE HUMAN BLOOD

WILKINSON'S SARSAPARILLA
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...ined its reputation for over Sixty Years as the most reliable remedy for Tropical Disorders.

For Torpid Liver, Debility, Attenuation of Body, Lassitude.

For Chronic Rheumatism, Obstinate Skin Diseases and Eruptions.

A LITTLE TAKEN DAILY IS THE BEST PREVENTIVE OF ILLNESS.

INDISPENSABLE TO THOSE WHO VALUE HEALTH.

RELIABLE EVIDENCE OF SUPERIORITY.

CAUTION. Beware of Worthless and Injurious Imitations.

"We cannot speak too highly of it."—*Lancet.*

"We recommend your Red Jamaica Sarsaparilla."—*Medical Review.*

"The only preparation for removing what may be called the scale of a mercurial course."—*Sir R. Martin.*

"I never without it, for, when feeling depressed or out of sorts from anxiety or fatigue, a dose or two calms me."—*Lord Clyde.*

"Your Essence of Red Jamaica Sarsaparilla cured me of a severe Liver when all other medicines had failed."—*Earl of Aldborough.*

Ask for WILKINSON'S Essence of RED JAMAICA SARSAPARILLA, and take no other.

Sold by Storekeepers in Small, Medium, and Large Bottles.

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BROWN'S FOUR CROWN
RED SEAL BRAND
OLD SCOTCH WHISKY
same as supplied to
H. R. H. the PRINCE of WALES.

This is the cream of Specially Selected Old Scotch Whiskies, being soft, potent and rich in bouquet; it is of perfect purity, free from all fusel oils, and from its age and incomparable quality it continues to be THE MOST POPULAR BRAND in the country.

NOTA BENE.—Please note that fac-simile of ROBERT BROWN'S AUTOGRAPH SIGNATURE and RED SEAL are on the label, without which none represents the celebrated **FOUR CROWN RED SEAL BRAND.**

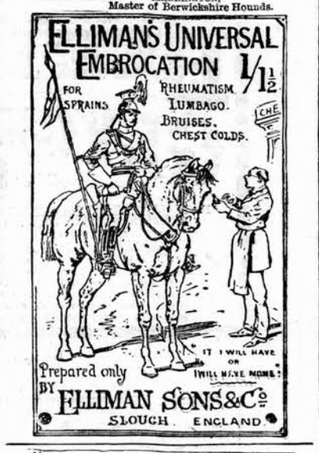
Rs. 27-8 per case of one dozen.

Special terms to Clubs, Messes and the Trade.

D. P. BATHA & Co., BOMBAY,
Sole Agents and Importers.

NO STABLE IS COMPLETE WITHOUT

For Sprains, Curbs, and Splints when forming.
For Over-reaches, Chapped Heels, Wind Galls.
For Rheumatism in Horses.
For Sore Throats and Influenza.
For Broken Knees, Bruises, Capped Hocks.
For Sore Shoulders, Sore Backs.
For Sprains, Cuts, Bruises in Dogs.
For Cramp in Birds.
Indispensable in any stable, but especially in the stable of a Master of Hounds.
HADDINGTON,
Master of Berwickshire Hounds.



"A CHARMING SCENT."
H.R.H. The Duchess of York.

ATKINSON'S WHITE ROSE.

"The Sweetest of Sweet Odours."
Delightfully and delicately fragrant.
BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.
ATKINSON'S ONLY IS THE GENUINE.
Perfume, Toilet Powder, Soap, Tooth Powder, Sachets, & all other specialities with this "charming" odour, of all Dealers throughout the World & of the Manufacturers—
J. & F. ATKINSON, 24, Old Bond St., London.

THE GREAT REMEDY.

BLAIR'S GOUT PILLS.

For Gout, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Lumbago, Sciatica, Influenza. Blair's Pills are superior to all other Gout and Rheumatic medicines. They give relief from pain in a few hours, and cure. Their action is so gentle (being entirely vegetable) that they may be taken with safety by the most delicate persons.

Sold by all Chemists throughout India.

LUNGILI,

THE NEW DRUG FOR

DIARRHŒA AND DYSENTERY

Testimonial from Mr. C. A. MOREING, M.Inst.C.E., Broad Street House, London, E.C.

"GENTLEMEN,—I have much pleasure in telling you that I have taken the Lungili you so kindly sent me, and is appears to have completely cured me. I have been suffering four years from dysentery, the result of malarial fever caught in Africa, and no doctors were able to do me any permanent good by the ordinary remedies.

Yours truly, C. ALGERNON MOREING."

Price 4s. 6d. per oz., from the Importers.

THE LUNGILI CO., 35, Ludgate Hill, BIRMINGHAM

Established in Paris 1770. 40 Prize Medals.

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Purveyors by Special Appointment to H. R. H. the Princess of Wales.

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"Reviving Sweets repair the mind's decay."—*Pope.*

Guaranteed Absolutely Pure.

"COCOEL" "EXCOA"

In Packets and Tins.

"Grand flavour, delicate aroma."
"Dietetic, sustaining properties."—Vide *Analysts.*

SUPERIOR CHOCOLATE,
½ lb. Packets. (Yellow Wrappers.)
CHOCOLATE WAFERS.
Large and Small Boxes. A delicious eating Chocolate.
CHOCOLATE HORSESHOES (Registered)
A superior eating Chocolate in handsome horseshoe boxes.
HIGH LIFE BONBONS.
The most tasteful Dessert Sweetmeat. Elegant Boxes.
"REVIVISCENT" CHOCOLATE.

Invented and prepared chiefly for use in cases where sugar is considered harmful. Guaranteed without sugar or farinaceous substances. (Vide *Lancet.*)

Agents:—Hind & Davison, Lahore; W. Leslie & Co., Calcutta

PERRINS' CELEBRATED
"LYNX"
POCKET FIELD GLASSES.

Thorough good value, Rs. 25.

The LYNX POCKET BINOCULAR is not a toy but an achromatic glass of sharp definition and good power measuring only 4 3/16 inches by 2 6/8 inches.

PERRINS' widely known Binocular *Field & Race Glasses* are all thoroughly achromatic, and for finish power, and sharpness of definition excel those of all other makers at the same prices. A quantity of cheap showy rubbish is sent out to India, and doubtless finds a market, but a really good achromatic glass is an altogether different thing.

LAWRENCE & MAYO,
OPHTHALMIC OPTICIANS, CALCUTTA, MADRAS, AND BOMBAY.
SOLE AGENTS FOR PERRINS, LONDON.
Catalogues of Binoculars, Telescopes and Microscopes free on application.

GRATEFUL—COMFORTING.

EPPS'S COCOA

BREAKFAST—SUPPER.

"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected Cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided for our breakfast and supper a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctor's bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame."—*Civil Service Gazette.*

Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in half-pound and pound tins, by Grocers, labelled thus:

JAMES EPPS & Co., Ltd., Homœopathic Chemists, London, England.

NOTICES.

W. CLARK'S HOPLEMUROMA

WILLIAM CLARK begs to call the attention of the Nobility and Gentry, also Trainers and Dealers, and all who have the care and management of Horses, to his

HOPLEMUROMA
(HOOF OINTMENT)

For the improvement of the growth of Horses' Feet also to cure and prevent Navicular Disease, Jarring, Fever in the Feet, Brittle and Shelly Feet, Sand Cracks, Seedy Toes, Diseased Frogs, Corns, Cracked and Greasy Heels, Cuts, Wounds, Sore Throats, &c., also prevents Horses throwing Shoes.

This matchless preparation causes the Horn to grow about three-quarters of an inch per month, making it tough and wiry, and prevents it breaking away, and does not stop Horses from doing their usual work, besides being highly conducive to the general health and well-being of the Horse's Foot.

After successful applications of the above for 35 years, and during that period never knowing it to fail, W. C. can with the greatest confidence recommend it, and also feels it his duty to make the public acquainted with a preparation so valuable for the cure of the above-mentioned diseases, and no Stable ought to be without it.

1. Sound Foot. 2. Seedy Toe. 3. Sound Foot and Frog. 4. Diseased Foot. 5. Contracted Foot. 6. Sound Foot. 7. Brittle, Shelly and Sand Crack. 8. Application of Hoplemuroma.

Yours faithfully, J. S. MIDDLETON.

METROPOLITAN POLISH

For restoring and preserving all kinds of Patent Enamel, and Morocco Leather. It renders them perfectly elastic. It will not attract heat. Likewise for cleaning and restoring Oil Paintings, Carriage Panels, &c. For French Polished, Japanned, and Varnished Goods, it will be found unequalled.

Brown Leather Polish

For Cleaning, Beautifying, and Preserving all kinds of Brown Leather Boots and Shoes and every description of Brown Leather.

Made in Three Shades—
NUT BROWN, LIGHT BROWN, AND MAHOGANY.

Brown Boot Stain

For Removing Stains and Restoring Leather to its Original Colour.

FOR ALL KINDS OF
BROWN LEATHER BOOTS AND SHOES
Warranted not to injure the leather.

PASIATREUSIS

For Outward Application.

THE GREAT REMEDY FOR ROARERS & WHISTLERS.

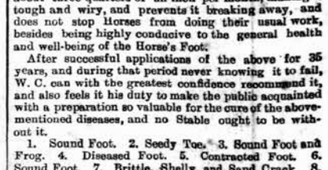
A certain cure for Horses' Sore Throats, Irritation of the Throat, Strangles, Spavin, Curbs, Splints, Ringbones, Capped Hocks, &c. Enlarged or Stiff Joints can be reduced by the use of this preparation giving freedom of action. Contracted Muscles, Sinews, and Sidebones made elastic. It is the quickest known remedy to reduce inflammation, and does not Blister or cause any Irritation when applied, or remove the hair.

This Preparation is so simple in its use that it does not prevent the animal from doing it usual daily work during its application. This is a very great advantage. To Breeders, Trainers, Job Masters, &c., it is a most invaluable remedy, and during the last 25 years has effected some wonderful cures.

A bottle of Embrocation accompanies the same, and should be used alternatively.

This is the most humane remedy ever introduced to the public, as it does away with the painful operations of firing and blistering, and causes the animal no pain whatever.

PATENT APPARATUS
For Horse Clipping and Sheep Shearing.



By means of this Machine a horse can be clipped in about half-an-hour, only one man and boy being required. It works at the rate of between 2,000 and 3,000 cuts per minute, and the cutters being made with the Patent Grasshopper Springs, never require sharpening; also used for Sheep shearing. A sheep may be sheared in about three minutes. Price 7-7-0.

HORSE-CLIPPERS.

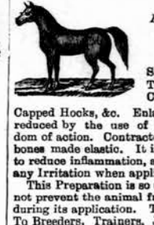
No. 1.—ORIGINAL.—This well-known Instrument has now been before the public for twenty years, and has given universal satisfaction, and is everywhere acknowledged to be by far the best and cheapest in the market. It has been known to clip between 200 and 300 horses before requiring sharpening.

No. 2.—One-hande dClipper for heads, manes, quarters, and difficult parts, leaving one hand at liberty to hold the horse, thus enabling the clipping to be performed by one man only. This Machine is also used for clipping Poodles.

No. 3.—One-handed Clipper, with coarser teeth for legs and bellies, and coarse hair, which would break the finer teeth, avoiding the necessity of getting under the animal and consequent liability of accident to the man and also to the machine itself.

No. 4.—A two-handed Instrument, with the Patent Grasshopper Springs over the plates. This improvement renders the machines simply perfect, producing a softness and ease of motion not to be surpassed, whilst by the peculiar and continuous self-acting pressure of the spring the two blades are kept in cutting contact, and the machine requires no further sharpening. It is, therefore, specially adapted for the Colonies.

No. 5.—Has a third pressure plate, which, bearing on the entire cutting portion of the machine, produces a soft and even motion.



CLARK'S LIST OF HAIR-CUTTING MACHINES,

Of Various Sizes and Description of Makes.

(1) Is a Grasshopper Spring Clipper made in 5 different lengths of cut, namely, ½, ⅝, ¾, ⅞, 1 of an inch. This machine is the best in existence, and will keep on the cut for years. The springs between the two handles are the best, as they give more power to the cut, and last much longer than others.

AGENTS:—**Treacher and Co.,** BYCULLA, BOMBAY AND POONA;
Bathgate & Co., **A. Leslie & Co.,** } CALCUTTA.

PETER MÖLLER'S
COD LIVER OIL

Scientifically prepared by Möller's Patented Process.

HIGHEST PRIZES AT NINETEEN INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITIONS.

The only oil free from Hydroxyls (which abound in emulsions and solutions), and consequently from unpleasant flavour, "aftertaste," or "repetition," and yet a most powerful and valuable therapeutic.

In Capsuled Bottles only.

ALEXANDRE'S ORGANS

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HARMONIUMS for Churches Drawing Rooms, Schools, &c.

From £4 upwards.

Illustrated Catalogues sent free on Demand, Apply to Messrs. B. NAZIR & Co.,
10, Church Gate Street, Fort, BOMBAY.

Agents for M. OPPENHEIMER & Co., PARIS.

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BILE-LADEN BLOOD.

HEALTHY BILE.

When the Liver is not making Healthy Bile, or insufficient quantity, the Blood becomes impure, the groundwork of disease, and produces Constipation, Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Headaches, Moping, Melancholy, Gout, Rheumatism, and nearly every form of disease.

ENO'S "FRUIT SALT"

is the simplest and best remedy yet introduced. It prevents Diarrhœa, and removes it in the early stages.

ENO'S "FRUIT SALT"

assists the functions of the LIVER, BOWELS, SKIN, and KIDNEYS by Natural Means; thus the Blood is freed from POISONOUS or other HURTFUL MATTERS. It is impossible to overstate its great value. THERE IS NO DOUBT that, where it has been taken in the earliest stages of a disease, it has, in innumerable instances, PREVENTED a SEVERE ILLNESS. Without such a simple precaution, the JEOPARDY of LIFE is IMMENSELY INCREASED.

SCARLET FEVER, PYÆMIA, ERYSIPELAS, MEASLES, GANGRENE, and almost every mentionable Disease.—"I have been a nurse for upwards of ten years, and in that time have nursed cases of scarlet fever, pyæmia, erysipelas, measles, gangrene, cancer, and almost every mentionable disease. During the whole time I have not been ill myself for a single day, and this I attribute in a great measure to the use of ENO'S FRUIT SALT, which has kept my blood in a pure state. I recommended it to all my patients during convalescence. Its value as a means of health cannot be overestimated.—A PROFESSIONAL NURSE. "April 21st, 1894."

EASTERN EQUATORIAL AFRICA.

Cavendish Square, W., October 26, 1894.

DEAR SIR,—I have recently returned from Eastern Equatorial Africa, where I lived for upwards of 12 years.

I enjoyed phenomenal health, and in my opinion it was undoubtedly owing to the daily use of your "Fruit Salt," the beneficial qualities of which I had previously found in England. I have no hesitation in saying that my life was preserved by it.

On my way home I had a severe attack of intermittent fever, the sea was rough, and the ship's medical attendant was (as that officer usually is) prostrate with "mal de mer," and unable to attend to anyone. The fever gained and gained on me, but after a few doses of ENO'S "FRUIT SALT" I at last fell into a refreshing sleep, and found on awakening that the int. so thirst had gone, and long before I had arrived at Aden was as well as I had ever been in my life. I am, dear Sir, Yours truly, ANGLO-AFRICAN.

CAUTION.—Examine each Bottle and see the capsule is marked "ENO'S 'FRUIT SALT.'" without you have been imposed on by a worthless imitation. Prepared only at ENO'S "FRUIT SALT" WORKS, LONDON S.E. By J. C. ENO'S PATENT.

S. & H. HARRIS.

WATERPROOF.

In Constant Use for 50 Years throughout the United Kingdom.
Sold by all Saddlers, Ironmongers, and Storekeepers.
MANUFACTORY - - - LONDON, E.

ASK FOR

LIEBIG COMPANY'S EXTRACT OF MEAT

And see that each Jar bears Justus von Liebig's Signature in Blue Ink across the Label.

J. Liebig

FINEST AND CHEAPEST MEAT-FLAVOURING STOCK FOR SOUPS, MADE DISHES AND SAUCES.

Invaluable for India as an Efficient Tonic in all cases of Weakness. Keeps good in the hottest Climates, and for any length of time.

To be had of all Storekeepers and Dealers throughout India.

The Company's NEW COOKERY BOOK sent free on application to

LIEBIG'S EXTRACT OF MEAT CO., Ltd., 9, Fenchurch Avenue, London, England.

Cookery Books may also be had gratis on application at the office of this paper

TRADE MARK ON WALTER MAC FARLANE & Co. GLASGOW SARACEN FOUNDRY EVERY CASTING.

Macfarlane's Castings,

PLAIN AND ORNAMENTAL, OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

"SHARP, CLEAN, AND FULL OF CHARACTER."

ORNAMENTAL CONSTRUCTIVE IRON WORK OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
VERANDAHS, BALCONIES, BANDSTANDS, ARCADES, KIOSKS, CONSERVATORIES, ROOFS, RAILWAY STATIONS, BARRACKS, FACTORIES, PUBLIC WORKS, MARKETS, GODOWNS, ETC., ETC.

ELECTRIC LIGHT PILLARS AND BRACKETS. ELECTRIC WIRE WAYS
NUMEROUS HEIGHTS AND DESIGNS TO SUIT DIFFERENT REQUIREMENTS.

MACFARLANE'S GLASS ENAMELLED DRAIN AND SOIL PIPES—A SPECIALITY

Illustrated CATALOGUES, Price Lists, and Estimates on application.

WALTER MACFARLANE & CO., GLASGOW, SCOTLAND.

EDWARDS'

HARLENE FOR THE HAIR

WORLD-RENOWNED HAIR PRODUCER AND RESTORER.

Is the Best Dressing, specially prepared and Perfumed for Toilet Use.

"HARLENE" PRODUCES LUXURIANT HAIR, PREVENTS ITS FALLING OFF AND TURNING GREY.

Unequalled for Promoting the Growth of the Beard and Moustache.

THE WORLD-RENOWNED REMEDY FOR BALDNESS.

For Curing Weak and Thin Eyelashes, Preserving, Strengthening, and Rendering the Hair beautifully Soft. For removing Scurf, Dandruff, etc., also for Restoring Grey Hair to its Natural Colour, it is without a rival. Physicians and Analysts pronounce it to be devoid of any metallic or other injurious ingredients. 1s., 2s. 6d., and (triple 2s. 6d. size) 4s. 6d. per bottle. May be had from Chemists, Hairdressers, and Perfumers all over the World.

EDWARDS' "HARLENE" CO., 95, HIGH HOLBORN, LONDON, W.C.

DINNEFORD'S MAGNESIA

THE BEST REMEDY FOR ACIDITY OF THE STOMACH, HEARTBURN, HEADACHE, GOUT AND INDIGESTION.

THE SAFEST MILD APERIENT FOR DELICATE CONSTITUTIONS, LADIES, CHILDREN AND INFANTS, AND FOR REGULAR USE IN WARM CLIMATES.

DINNEFORD'S MAGNESIA

SOLD THROUGHOUT THE WORLD.

N.B.—ASK FOR DINNEFORD'S MAGNESIA.

Having regard to an UNTRUE STATEMENT made by an Advertiser of Phosphodyne, viz., "The only Medicine of that name granted Certificates by Her Majesty's Registrar of Trade Marks," Dr. Lalor invites the attention of the public to the following copy of a letter received from Her Majesty's Registrar of Trade Marks:—

THE PATENT OFFICE, TRADE MARKS BRANCH, 25, Southampton Buildings, London, W.C., 27th November, 1894.

SIR,—Adverting to your letter of the 22nd instant, enclosing an Advertisement (apparently taken from some Indian newspaper) relating to "Dr. Bright's Phosphodyne," I am directed to inform you that the Comptroller does not find that the combination of devices (Locomotive, Ship, Royal Arms, &c.), with those words (and others), appearing in the Advertisement, has been registered at this office in the Class (Class 3) to which Medicines for human use belong; and the word "Phosphodyne" has not been so Registered EXCEPT IN YOUR NAME. The official number of your registration of the label with Hercules and the Lion and the words "Dr. Lalor's Phosphodyne or Vital Elixir" is 5317, and its date is 3rd May, 1876; your registration of the word "Phosphedyne" by Steell, as an "OLD" Trade Mark, is numbered 13527, and is of date 26th October, 1877.

The Comptroller will be happy to afford you any further assistance in his power in connection with the matter.

I am, Sir, your obedient Servant,

(Signed) W. J. F. TOMLINSON.

the kind awarded a Certificate at the Calcutta Exhibition, 1883

DR LALOR'S PHOSPHODYNE

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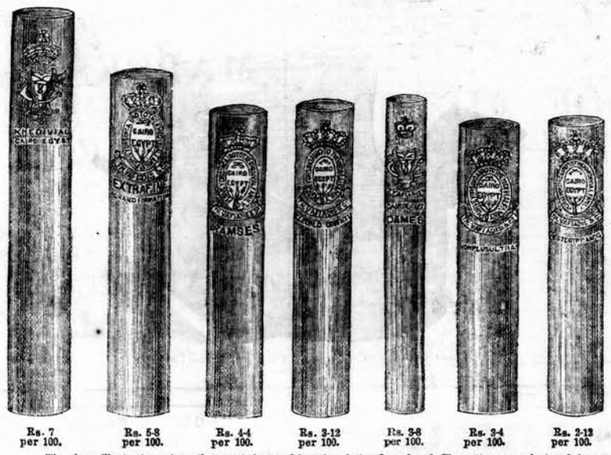

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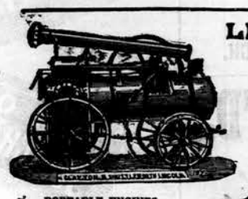

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